

System overview



*"The only one-piece implant
with no organic contaminants
or inorganic residues."*

"Quality assessment of dental implants by SEM and EDX analysis.
A comparison of five one-piece implants"
Dr. Dirk U. Duddeck, CleanImplant Foundation.
ZWP 3/2016, p. 12-18.



High quality and safety standards

We operate a quality management system based on EN ISO 13485:2016.
The company's products are certified in compliance with the provisions
European Directive 93/42/EEC.

Created for dentists by dentists

The ROOTT Implant System is developed and constantly upgrading by TRATE AG in close cooperation with members of Open Dental Community.

The ROOTTCONCEPT has dispensed with the overcomplicated treatment procedures recommended by implant manufacturers who are limited by their products on the market.

The ROOTT philosophy is to create the ideal artificial tooth which organically integrates with existing biological structures in the simplest way.

Class leading surface purity (ZWP 3/2016, p. 12-18).



Innovations and development

The system development aims to reflect the collective view of independent dental practitioners throughout the world thus TRATE AG closely cooperate with the Open Dental Community NPO (Luxembourg). This approach avoids reliance on individual opinions and makes dentists free to select the method most suited to the patient.

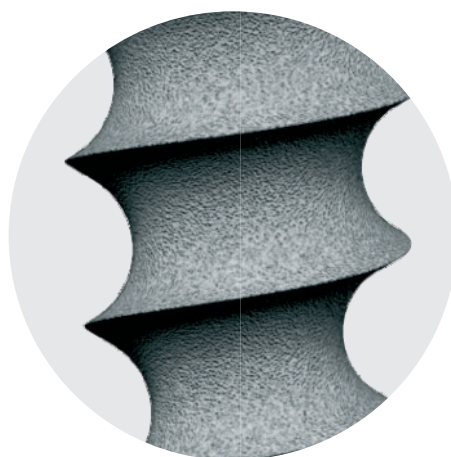


COMPRESSIVE implants

The COMPRESSIVE implant is a one-piece implant with compressive threads. It is used for multiple unit restorations with immediate loading in the upper and lower jaws with adequate bone tissue. It can be used in combination with basal implants and allows flap and flapless placement. Abutment direction can be adjusted up to 15° relative to the implant axis.



- Special compressive threads
- Immediate loading
- Adjustable abutment slope angle
- In accordance with FILO concept can be combined with Basal implants in pterygoid area for total rehabilitation

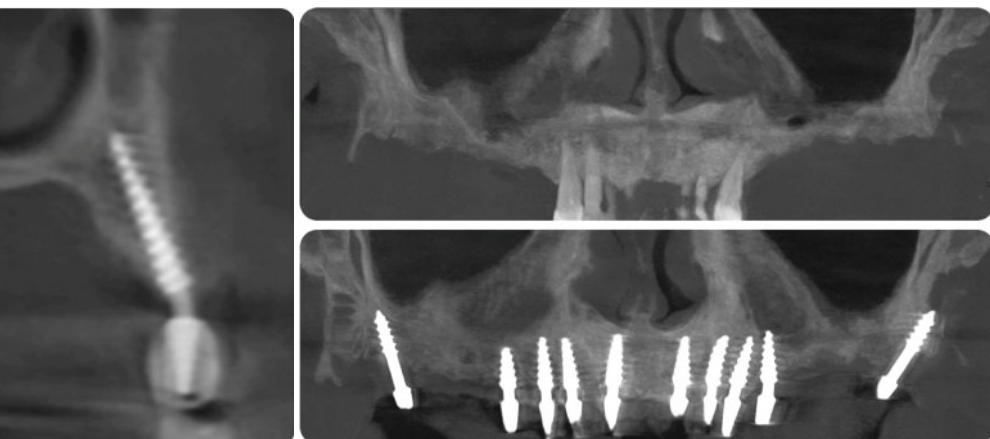


"The FILO Concept is based in three principles: Flapless surgery, Immediate Loading, and use of one-piece implants. Compressive is a multi-purpose implant and Basal is reserved to Pterygoid Area when it is necessary."

Clinical case



Dr. Alvaro Bastida
Spain



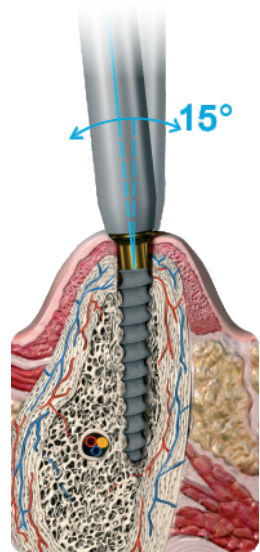
Wide range of sizes

From short and wide to thin and long



Bendable neck

Depending on the length of the implant the abutment can be bent up to 15 degrees, as long as the implant is placed with high primary stability



Variety of prosthetic solutions

From cemented fixation and burn-out angulated caps to telescopic caps with screwed retention and CAD-CAM solutions on multiunit platforms.



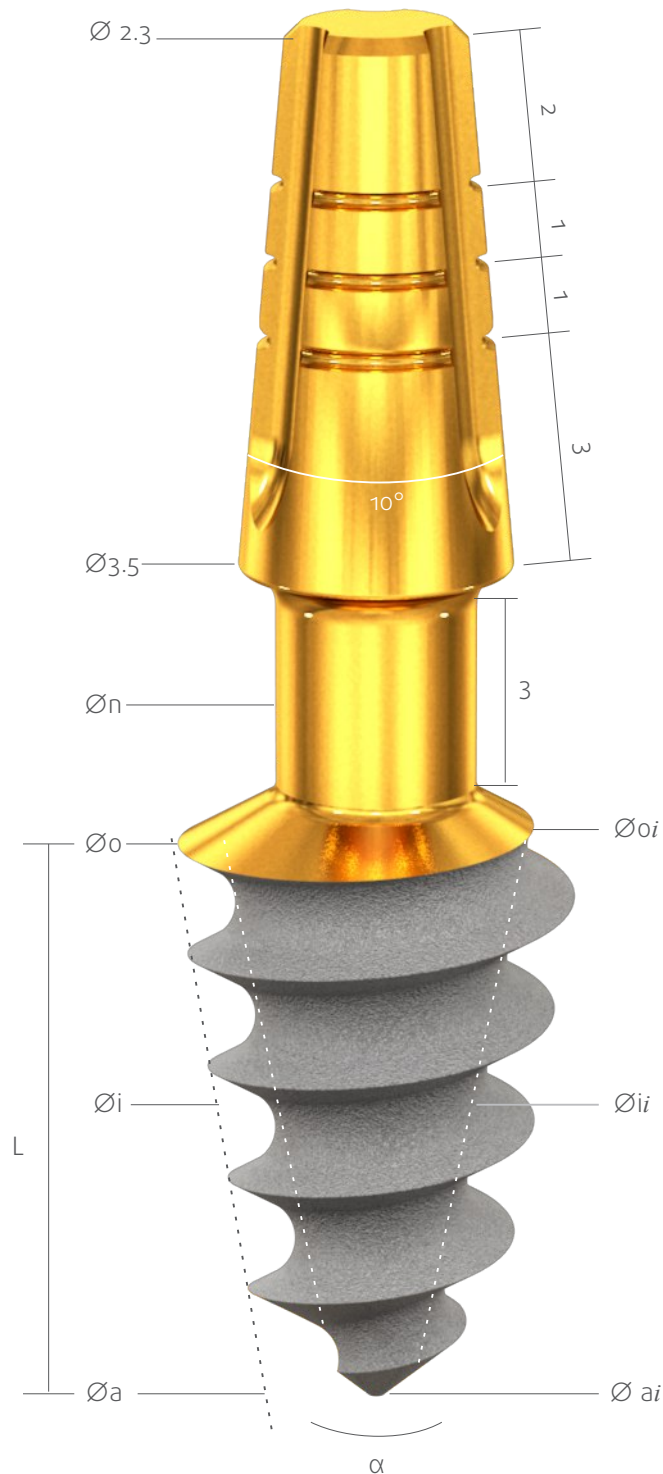
Smart instrument sets

FILO Instrument set for minimal invasive surgery and ESBIPRO kit for bone ridge splitting





Compressive implants



o - occlusal diameter (mm); i - intraosseous diameter (mm); a - apical diameter (mm); n - neck diameter;
 α - total internal angle ($^\circ$); s - intraosseous square area (mm^2); i = internal.

	Ø 3.0 oi 2.05 n 2.05	Ø 3.5 oi 2.46 n 2.05	Ø 4.0 oi 2.95 n 2.05	Ø 4.5 oi 3.05 n 2.35	Ø 5.0 oi 3.55 n 2.35	Ø 5.5 oi 4.04 n 2.55
L 6 mm	 C3006 2.4 1.4 1.9 0.9 43 12	 C3506 2.6 1.6 1.9 0.9 49 18	 C4006 3.1 2.0 2.4 1.2 59 23	 C4506 3.5 2.1 2.9 1.4 73 22	 C5006 3.9 2.4 3.2 1.7 82 27	 C5506 4.2 2.7 3.3 1.8 88 33
L 8 mm	 C3008 2.4 1.4 1.9 0.9 58 9	 C3508 2.6 1.6 1.9 0.9 65 13	 C4008 3.1 2.0 2.4 1.2 82 27	 C4508 3.6 2.2 2.9 1.4 100 16	 C5008 4.0 2.5 3.2 1.8 112 20	 C5508 4.2 2.7 3.3 1.8 121 24
L 10 mm	 C3010 2.4 1.4 1.9 0.9 73 7	 C3510 2.6 1.6 1.9 0.9 82 10	 C4010 2.9 1.8 1.9 0.8 92 13	 C4510 3.4 1.9 2.4 1.0 117 13	 C5010 3.7 2.2 2.6 1.2 131 16	 C5510 3.8 2.4 2.5 1.0 139 19
L 12 mm	 C3012 2.3 1.3 1.7 0.7 86 6	 C3512 2.6 1.6 1.8 0.8 97 8	 C4012 2.8 1.8 1.8 0.8 109 11	 C4512 3.3 1.9 2.4 0.9 140 10	 C5012 3.8 2.4 2.8 1.4 163 13	 C5512 4.0 2.5 2.5 1.1 167 15
L 14 mm	 C3014 2.4 1.3 1.9 0.7 99 5	 C3514 2.6 1.5 1.8 0.7 111 7	 C4014 2.9 1.8 1.8 0.8 128 9	 C4514 3.3 1.9 2.4 0.9 162 9	 C5014 3.6 2.2 2.4 0.9 179 11	 C5514 3.8 2.3 2.3 0.8 191 13
L 16 mm	 C3016 2.4 1.4 1.7 0.8 118 4	 C3516 2.6 1.6 1.8 0.8 128 6	 C4016 2.9 1.8 1.8 0.8 146 8	 C4516 3.3 1.9 2.3 0.8 84 8		
L 18 mm	 C3018 2.4 1.3 1.7 0.7 128 4	 C3518 2.7 1.7 1.8 0.8 146 5	 C4018 2.9 1.8 1.8 0.8 164 7	 C4518 3.3 1.9 2.2 0.8 206 7		
L 20 mm	 C3020 2.4 1.3 1.7 0.7 143 4	 C3520 2.6 1.6 1.8 0.7 161 5	 C4020 2.9 1.8 1.8 0.7 180 6	 C4520 3.3 1.9 2.2 0.8 230 6		

Øi | Øii
 Øa | Øai
 S | α



Compressive implants with short neck



Bendable ✓
Gingiva $H < 1$ mm ✗
Sinus area ✗



3 mm



✗ Bendable
✓ Gingiva $H < 1$ mm
✓ Sinus area



1.5 mm

L 6 mm

L 8 mm

L 10 mm

C4006S

C4008S

C4010S

Ø 4.0



C4506S

C4508S

C4510S

Ø 4.5



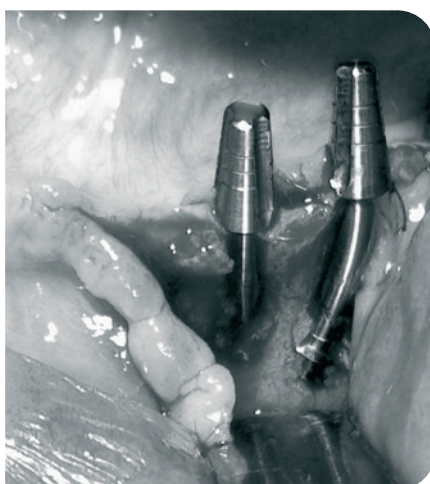
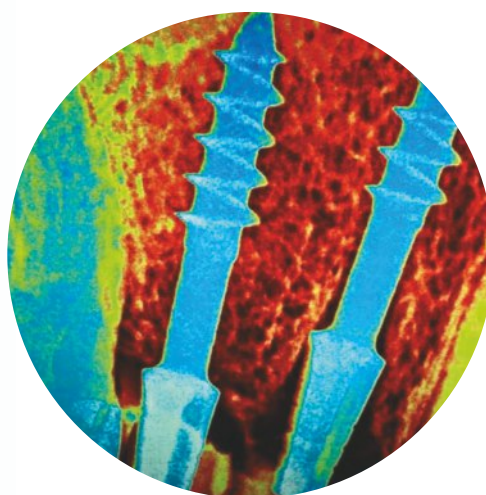


BASAL implants

BASAL implants are used to create multiple unit restorations in the upper and lower jaws. Can be placed in extraction sockets and in healed bone. The structural characteristics allow placement in height and width deficient bones. Can be placed with flap or flapless technique. Can be used to bypass the mandibular nerve, and for engagement of the cortical bone at the fusion of the pterygoid with the maxilla. Can be used in combination with compressive implants. Can be adjusted up to 15° relative to the implant axis.



- Ideal for resorbed ridges
- Immediate loading
- Placement in the socket of an extracted tooth
- Excellent protection from inflammation around the implant
- Abutment adjustment angle up to 15°



Clinical case



Dr. Ducko Aurel
Slovakia

Wide range of sizes

From short and wide to thin and long



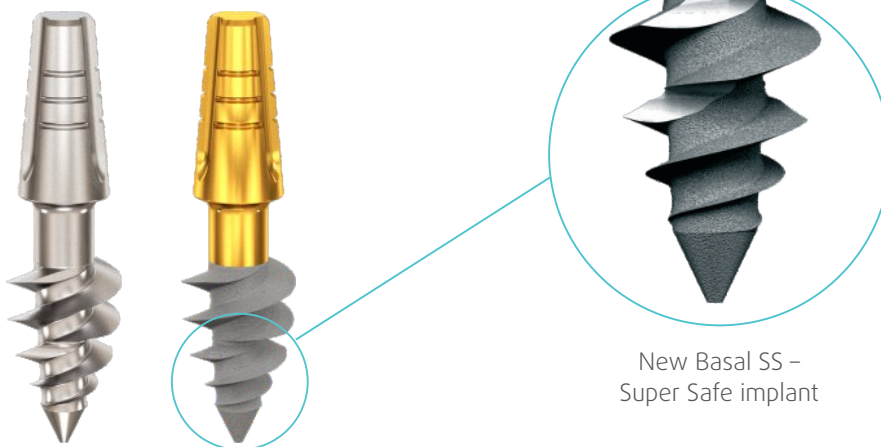
Long polished bendable neck

Depending on the length of the implant the abutment can be bent up to 15° as long as the implant is placed in sound bone

Polished surface protects from accumulation of bacteria at the cervical part of the implant

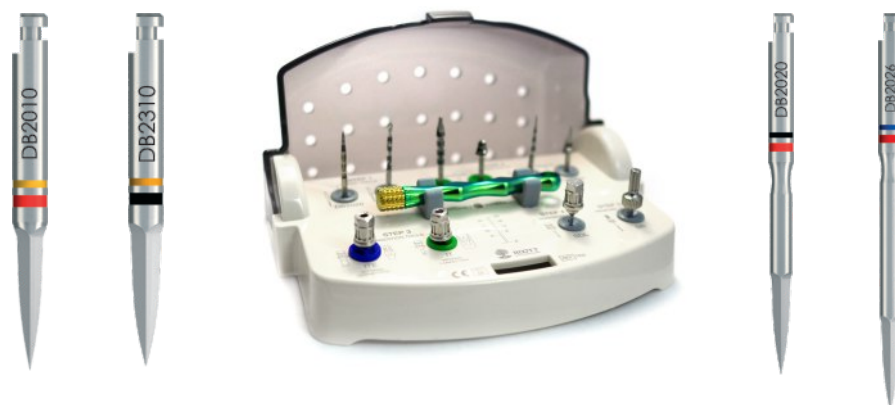
Different surfaces

Polished, sandblasted and anodized

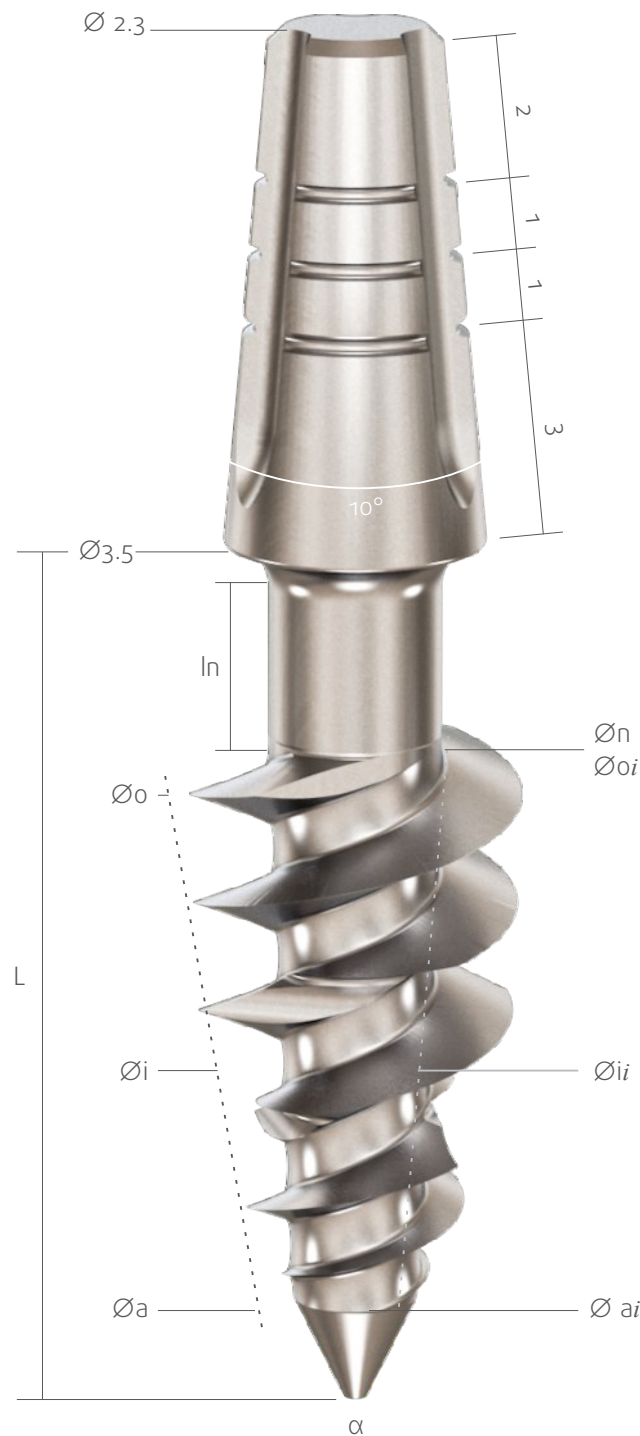


Smart instrument sets

From individual drill for each implant to all-on-2 drills set for each implant



Basal implants



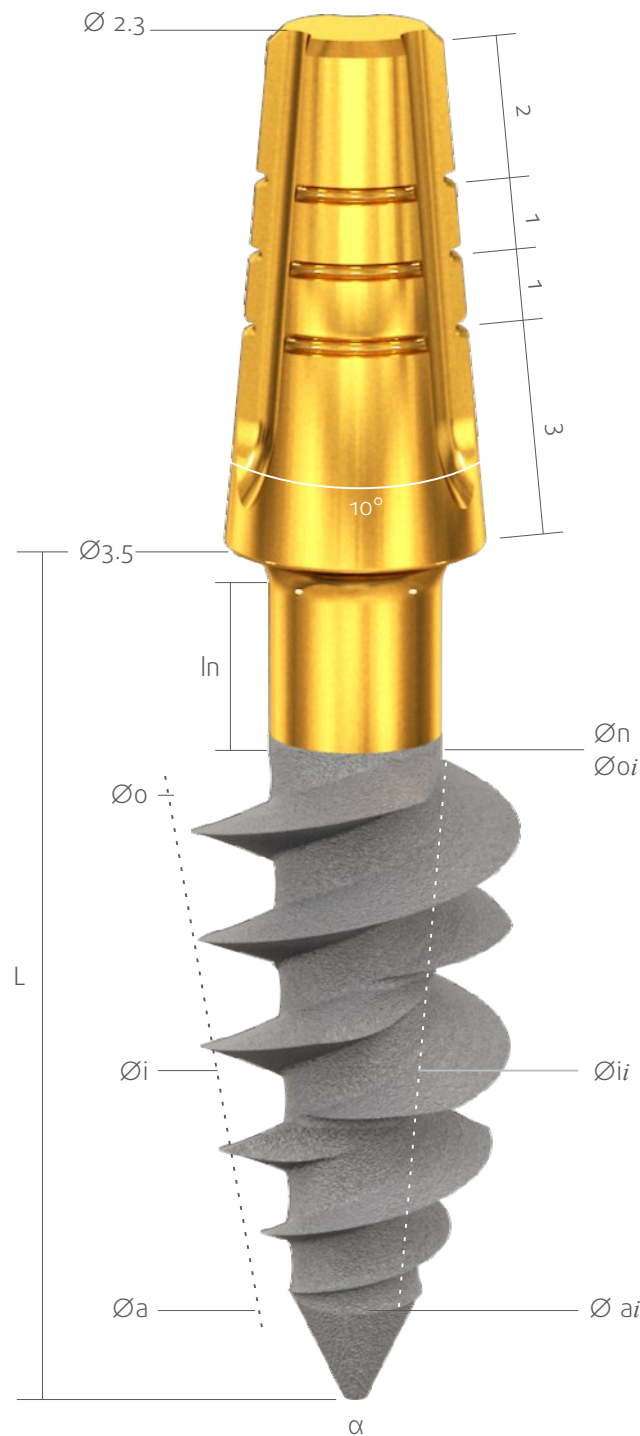
o - occlusal diameter (mm); i - intraosseous diameter (mm); a - apical diameter (mm); n - neck diameter;
 α - total internal angle ($^\circ$); s - intraosseous square area (mm^2); i = internal.

	6 mm	8 mm	10 mm	12 mm	14 mm	16 mm	18 mm	20 mm	22 mm	24 mm	26 mm
	ln 1.5	ln 3	ln 3	ln 3	ln 3	ln 5	ln 7	ln 7	ln 7	ln 7	ln 7
Ø 3.5	B3506	B3508	B3510	B3512	B3514	B3516	B3518	B3520	B3522	B3524	B3526
Øi 3.1 Øii 1.6 Øoi 1.4 n 2.05	s 76 a 18	s 57 a 13	s 73 a 6	s 92 a 5	s 105 a 5	s 117 a 5	s 140 a 4	s 164 a 3	s 183 a 3	s 203 a 2	s 226 a 2
											

Ø 4.5	B4508	B4510	B4512	B4514	B4516	B4518	B4520	B4522	B4524	B4526
Øi 4.2 Øii 2.0 Øoi 1.7 n 2.35	s 82 a 13	s 105 a 6	s 137 a 5	s 151 a 5	s 166 a 5	s 201 a 4	s 239 a 3	s 268 a 3	s 299 a 2	s 335 a 2
										

Ø 5.5	B5508	B5510	B5512	B5514
Øi 4.3 Øii 2.1 Øoi 1.4 n 2.35	s 108 a 10	s 115 a 9	s 147 a 7	s 170 a 6
				

Sandblasted basal implants



o - occlusal diameter (mm); i - intraosseous diameter (mm); a - apical diameter (mm); n - neck diameter;
 α - total internal angle ($^\circ$); s - intraosseous square area (mm^2); i = internal.

	6 mm	8 mm	10 mm	12 mm	14 mm	16 mm	18 mm	20 mm	22 mm	24 mm	26 mm
	ln 1.5	ln 3	ln 3	ln 3	ln 3	ln 5	ln 7	ln 7	ln 7	ln 7	ln 7
Ø 3.5	B3506ss	B3508ss	B3510ss	B3512ss	B3514ss	B3516ss	B3518ss	B3520ss	B3522ss	B3524ss	B3526ss
Øi 3.1 Øii 1.6 Øoi 1.4 n 2.05	s 76 a 18	s 57 a 13	s 73 a 6	s 92 a 5	s 105 a 5	s 117 a 5	s 140 a 4	s 164 a 3	s 183 a 3	s 203 a 2	s 226 a 2
											

	6 mm	8 mm	10 mm	12 mm	14 mm	16 mm	18 mm	20 mm
	ln 1.5	ln 3	ln 3	ln 3	ln 3	ln 5	ln 7	ln 7
Ø 4.5	B4506ss	B4508ss	B4510ss	B4512ss	B4514ss	B4516ss	B4518ss	B4520ss
Øi 4.2 Øii 2.0 Øoi 1.7 n 2.35	s 115 a 18	s 82 a 13	s 105 a 6	s 137 a 5	s 151 a 5	s 166 a 5	s 201 a 4	s 239 a 3
								

External platform

Transfers



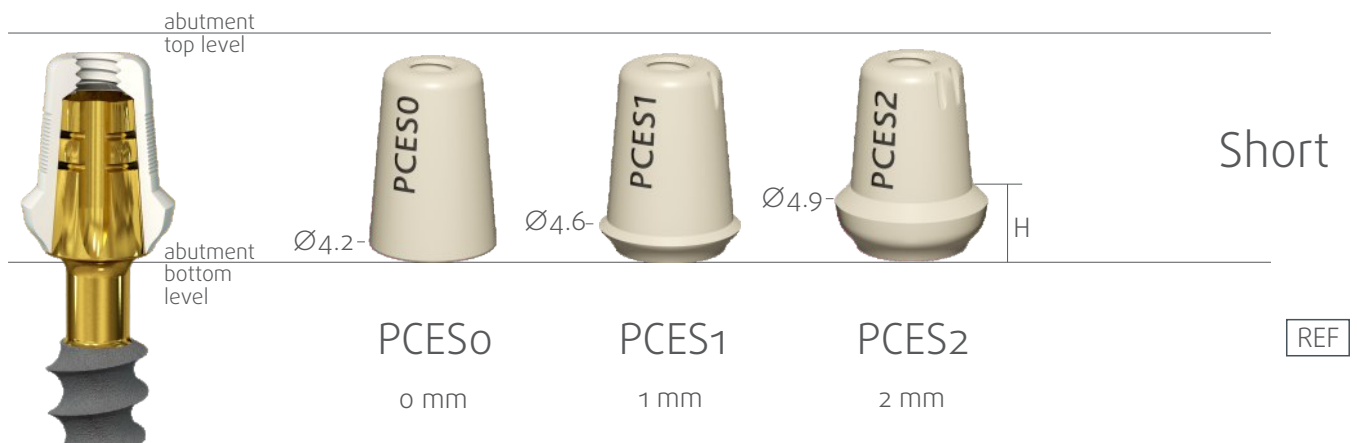
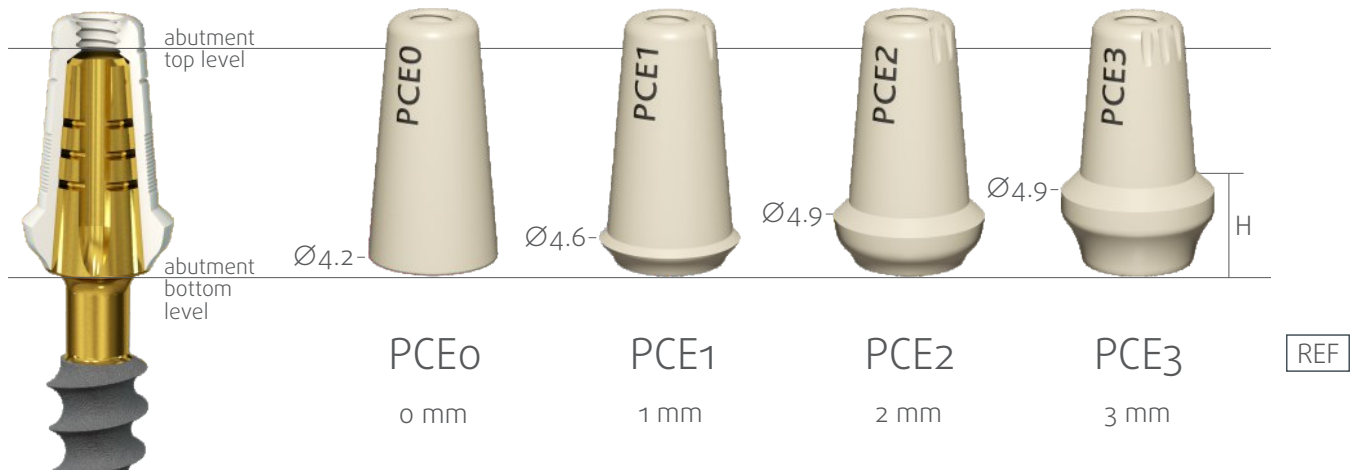
Analogue



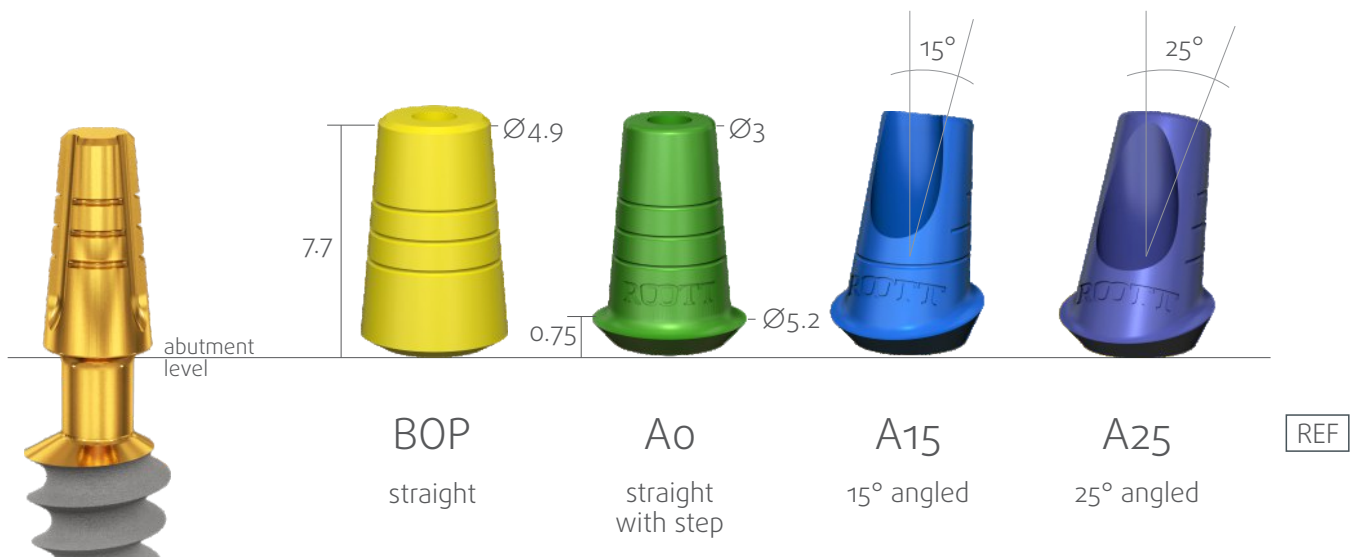
Titanium caps



PEEK caps



Burnout parts

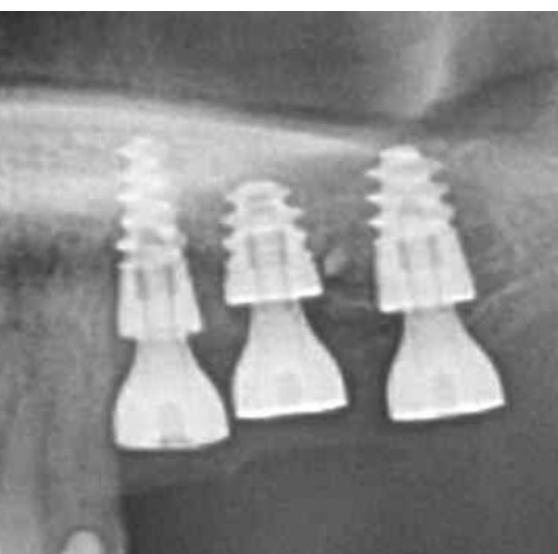
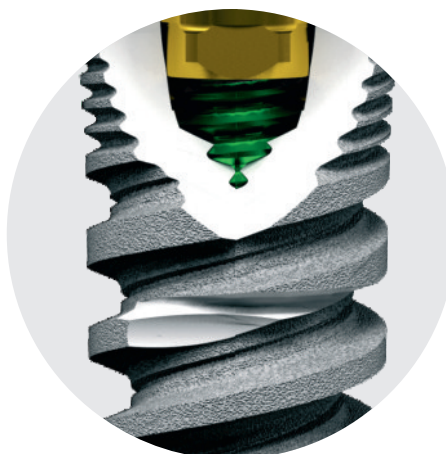


ROOTFORM implants

Two-component Rootform implant with combined thread and reliable tapered connection is intended for single and multiple restorations with immediate and delayed loading in the upper and lower jaws in all types of bone tissue. Implant can be placed by flap or flapless approach with subcrestal position of the implants. Implant placement is also possible immediately following tooth extraction, as long as sufficient bone tissue is available.



- High primary stability in all bone types
- Active self-tapping thread
- Reliable implant-abutment connection



Clinical case



Dr. Mohamad
El Moheb
France

Wide range of sizes

From short and wide to thin and long



6 mm → 16 mm
 $\varnothing$ 3.0 mm → $\varnothing$ 5.5 mm



Highly stable and secure connection

Precision cone and internal hex, connection accurate ± 0.007 mm

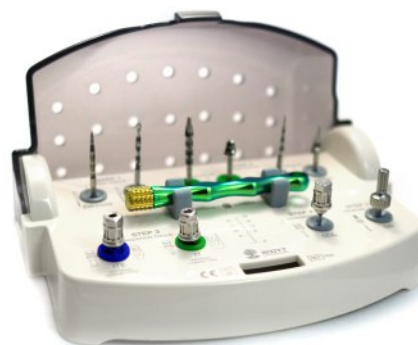
CRE Multifunctional part

Made from Ti6Al4V. Can be used as:

- Carrier for implant insertion (up to 40 N/cm)
- Abutment for immediate loading
- Base for individual gingiva former
- Transfer for open/close tray

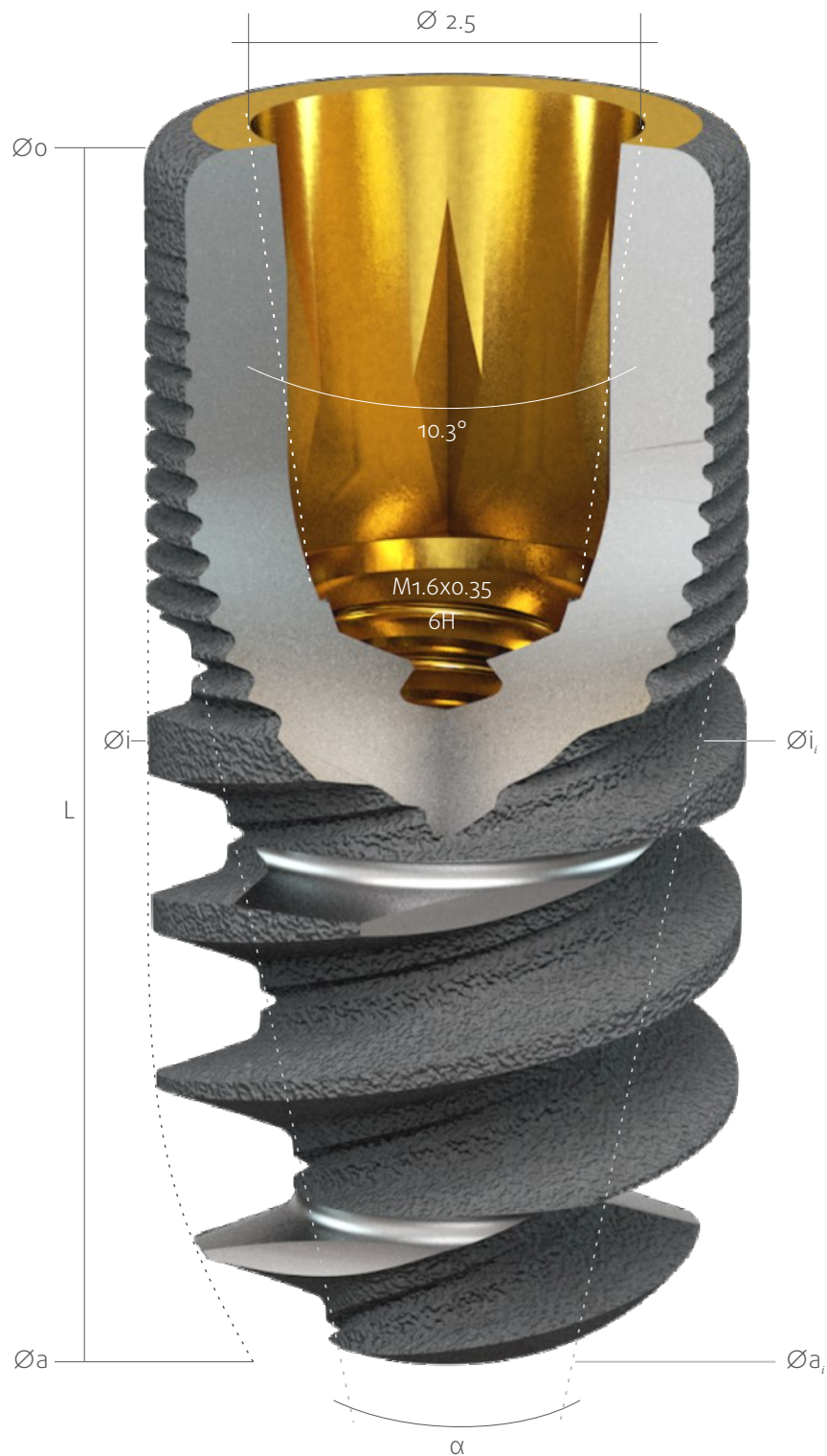


TRS Universal instrument set





Two-piece implants



o - occlusal diameter (mm); i - intraosseous diameter (mm); a - apical diameter (mm);
 α - total internal angle ($^{\circ}$); s - intraosseous square area (mm^2); i = internal.

Ø 3.0

Ø 3.5

Ø 3.8

Ø 4.2

Ø 4.8

Ø 5.5

Øi	Øii
Øa	Øai
S	α

TiGr23

R3506

3.5 | 3.3
3.4 | 1.8
85 | 24



R3806

3.8 | 3.4
3.7 | 1.6
95 | 28



R4206

4.2 | 3.6
4.1 | 1.9
106 | 26.5



R4806

4.2 | 3.8
4.1 | 1.7
114 | 29



R5506

4.9 | 4.5
4.8 | 2.4
137 | 29



L 6 mm

R3508

3.5 | 3.3
3.4 | 1.7
111 | 20



R3808

3.8 | 3.4
3.7 | 1.3
128 | 21.2



4208

3.6 | 3.2
3.5 | 1.2
125 | 21.2



R4808

4.2 | 3.8
4.1 | 1.7
147 | 23.6



R5508

4.9 | 4.5
4.8 | 2.3
177 | 23.6



L 8 mm

R3010

3.0 | 2.5
2.8 | 1.4
114 | 14



R3510

3.5 | 3.2
3.3 | 0.8
137 | 21



R3810

3.8 | 3.4
3.6 | 1.2
159 | 15.4



R4210

3.6 | 3.2
3.4 | 1.2
182 | 15.4



R4810

4.2 | 3.8
4.0 | 1.6
182 | 17



R5510

4.9 | 4.5
4.7 | 2.3
220 | 17



L 10 mm

R3012

3.0 | 2.5
2.7 | 1.4
137 | 9.8



R3512

3.4 | 3.2
3.3 | 0.7
164 | 16.6



R3812

3.7 | 3.4
3.6 | 1.2
190 | 12.2



R4212

3.5 | 3.2
3.4 | 1.1
182 | 12.2



R4812

4.1 | 3.8
4.0 | 1.5
217 | 13.6



R5512

4.9 | 4.5
4.7 | 2.2
263 | 13.6



L 12 mm

R3014

3.0 | 2.5
2.5 | 1.4
159 | 7.5



R3514

3.4 | 3.2
3.2 | 0.7
188 | 13.8



R3814

3.7 | 3.4
3.5 | 1.1
221 | 10.2



R4214

3.5 | 3.2
3.3 | 1.1
209 | 9.8



R4814

4.1 | 3.8
3.9 | 1.4
249 | 11.4



R5514

4.8 | 4.5
4.6 | 2.1
304 | 11.4



L 14 mm

R3016

2.9 | 2.4
2.4 | 1.4
178 | 6



R3516

3.3 | 3.2
3.1 | 0.6
215 | 12



R3816

3.6 | 3.4
3.4 | 1.0
249 | 9



R4216

3.4 | 3.2
3.1 | 0.8
234 | 9.8



R4816

4.0 | 3.8
3.8 | 1.4
285 | 9.8



R5516

4.7 | 4.5
4.5 | 2.1
346 | 9.8



L 16 mm

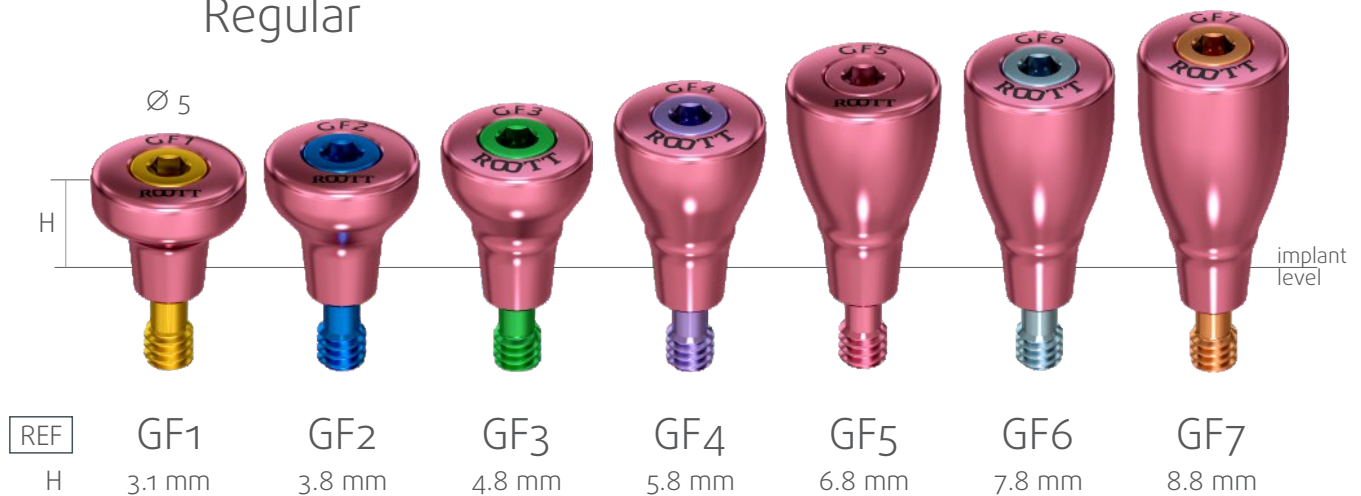


Gingiva formers

Bone build-up



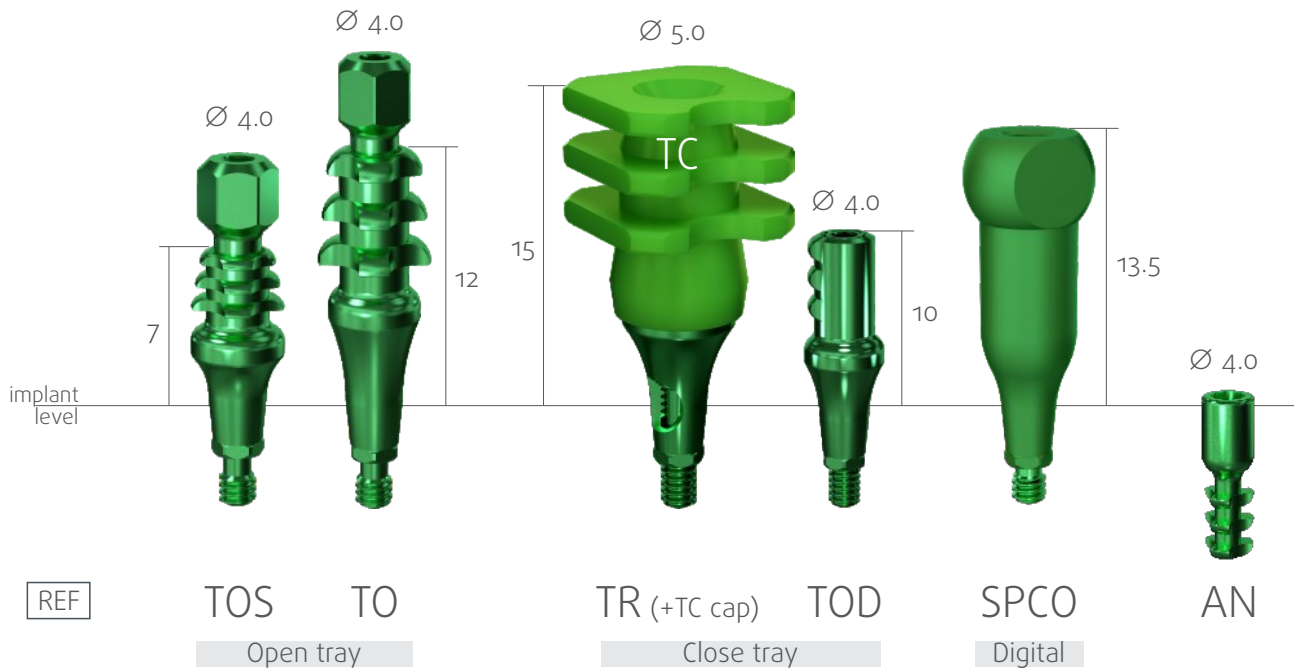
Regular



Individual (PEEK)



Transfers & implant analogs



TC
Free transfer cap
with each transfer



Abutments



Cement-
retained



Digital

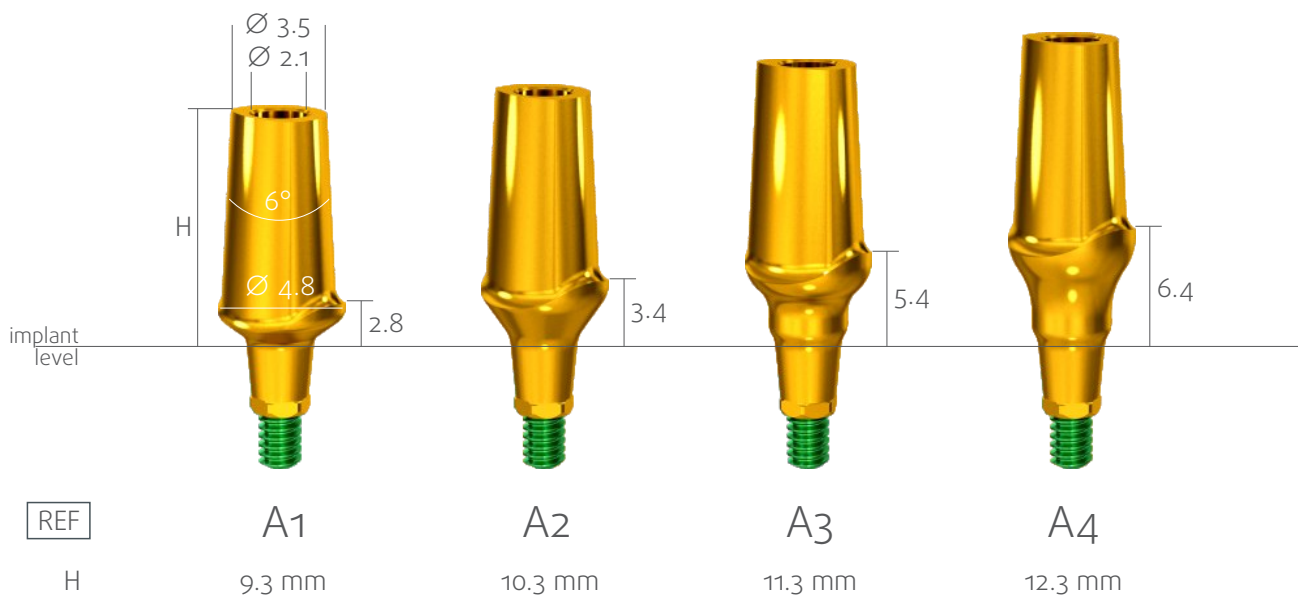


Screw-
retained

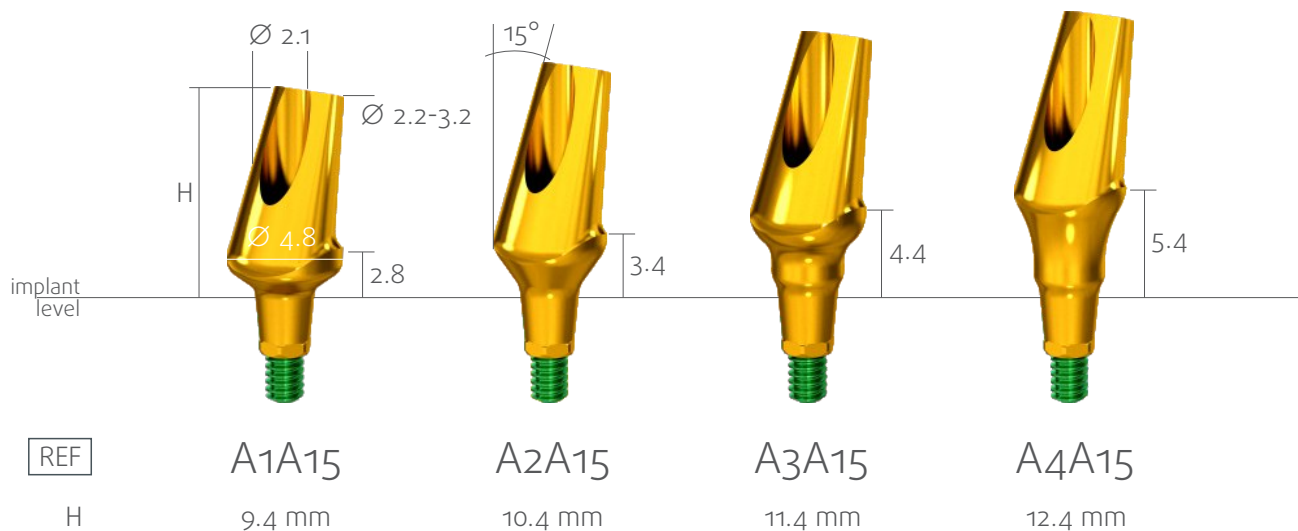


Attachment

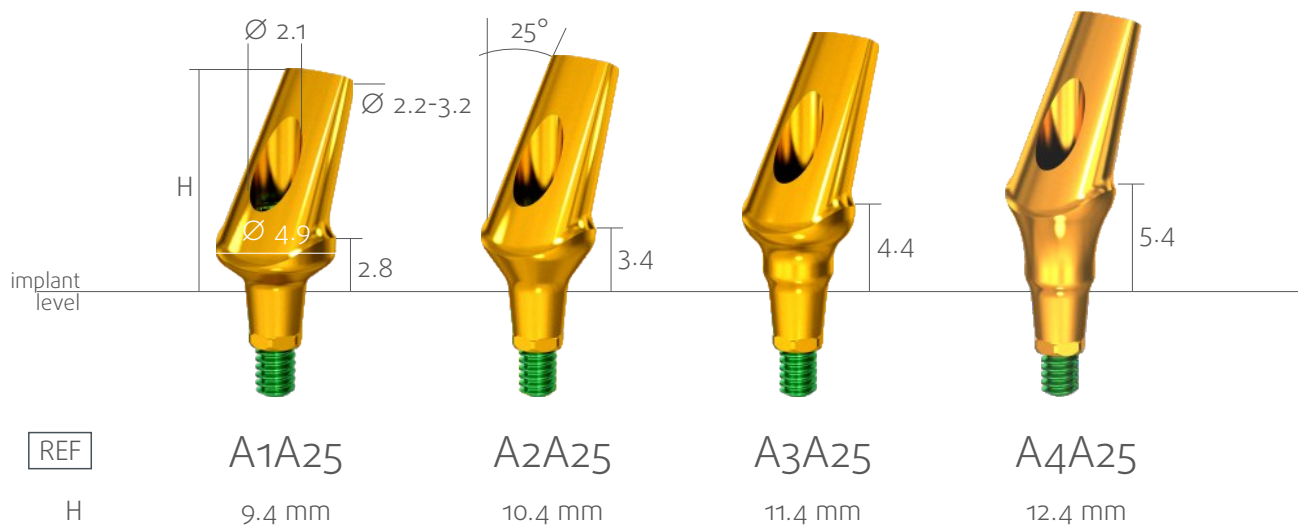
Straight anatomical abutments



15° angled anatomical abutments

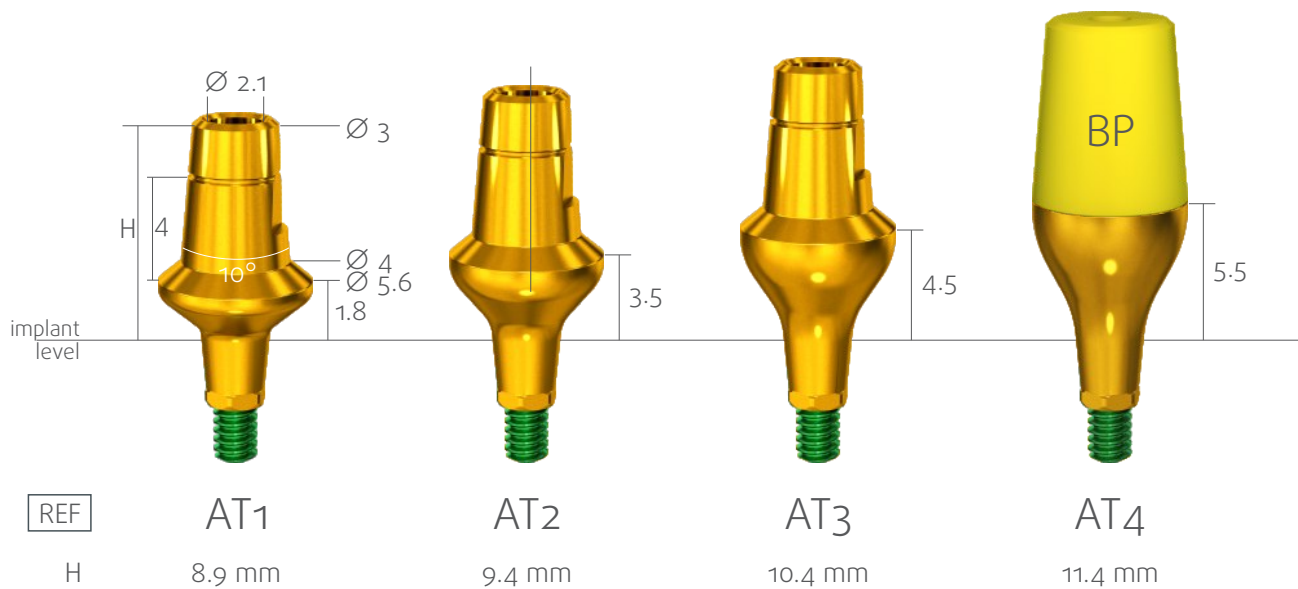


25° angled anatomical abutments





Transgingival abutments



BP — free burn out part with each transgingival abutment

How it works

Place BP cap
on AT abutment

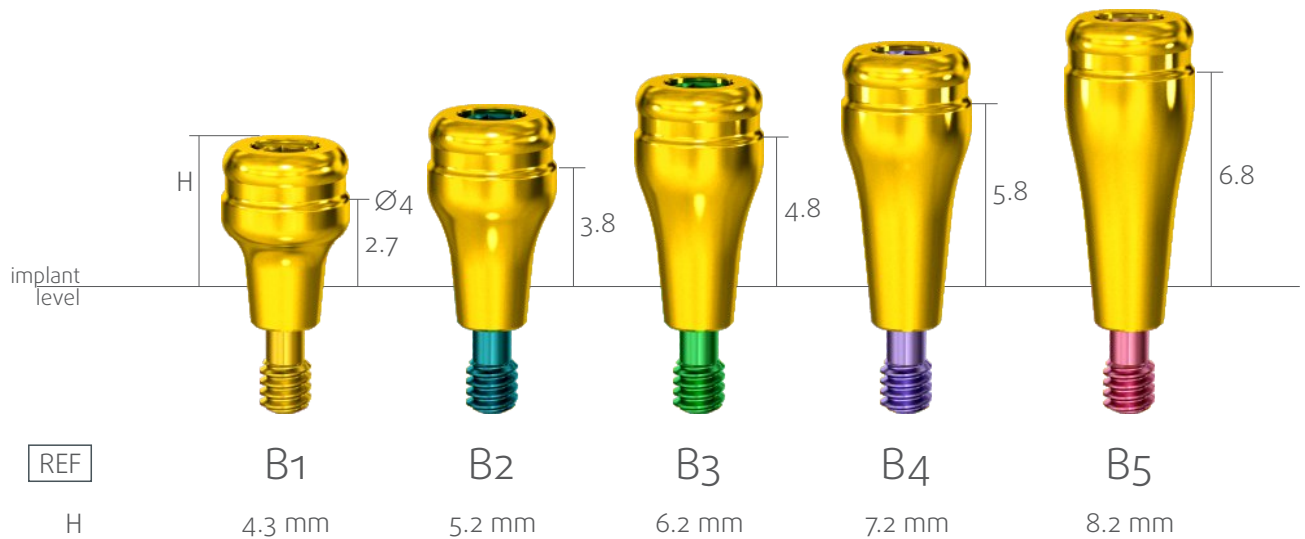
Adjust height
by cutting

Use wax for modelling
future crown

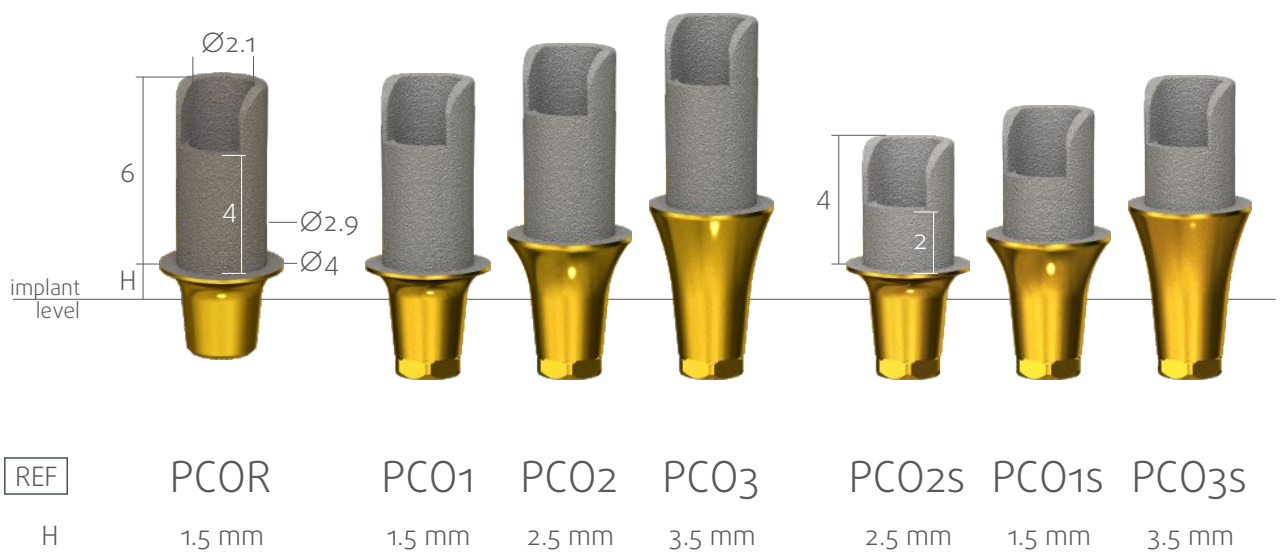
Fix crown to
AT abutment



Attachments

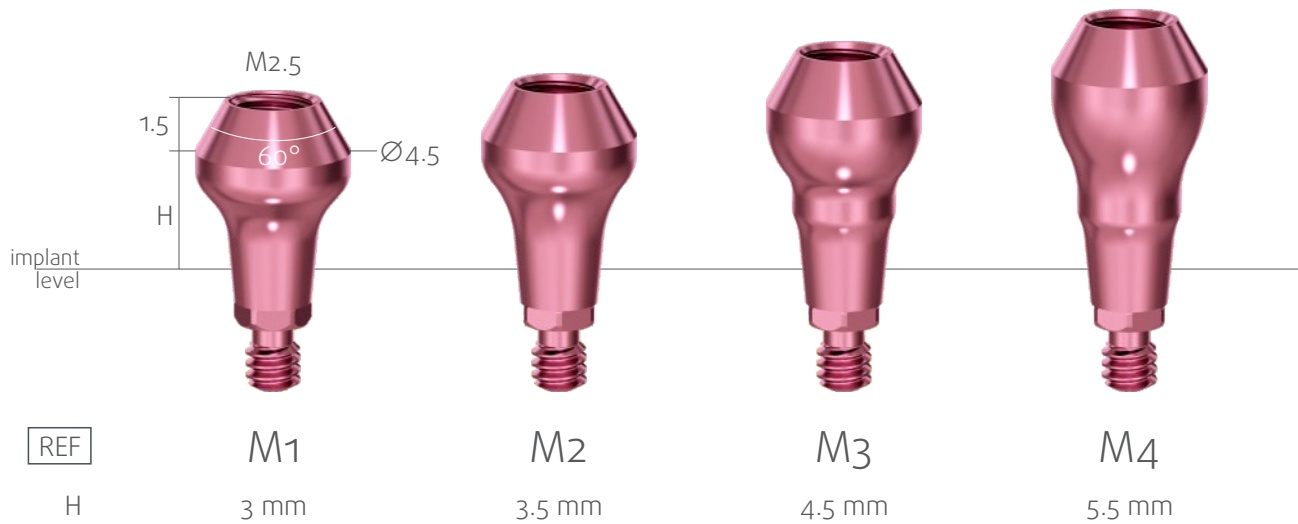


CAD-CAM platforms



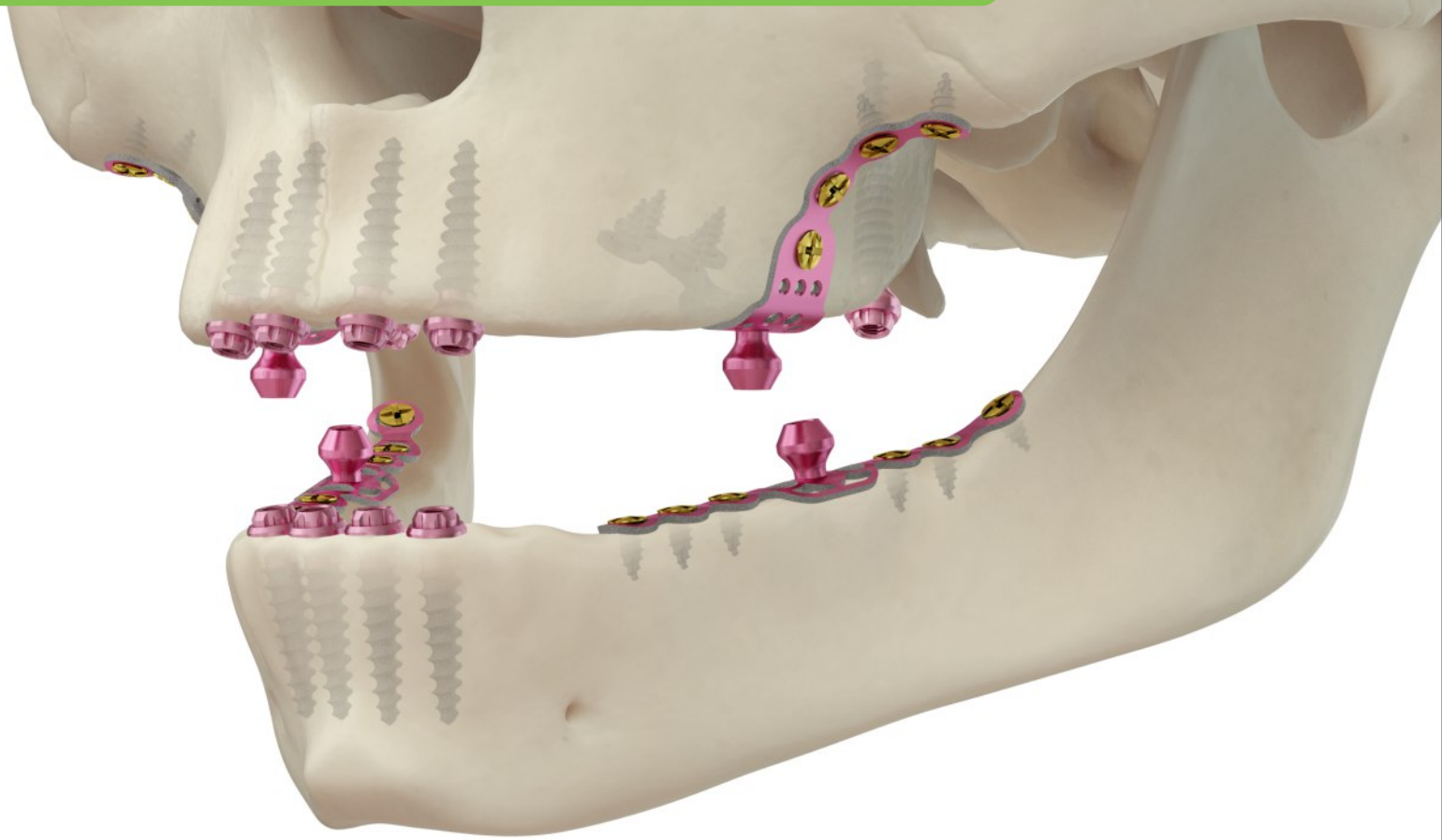


Regular multiunit

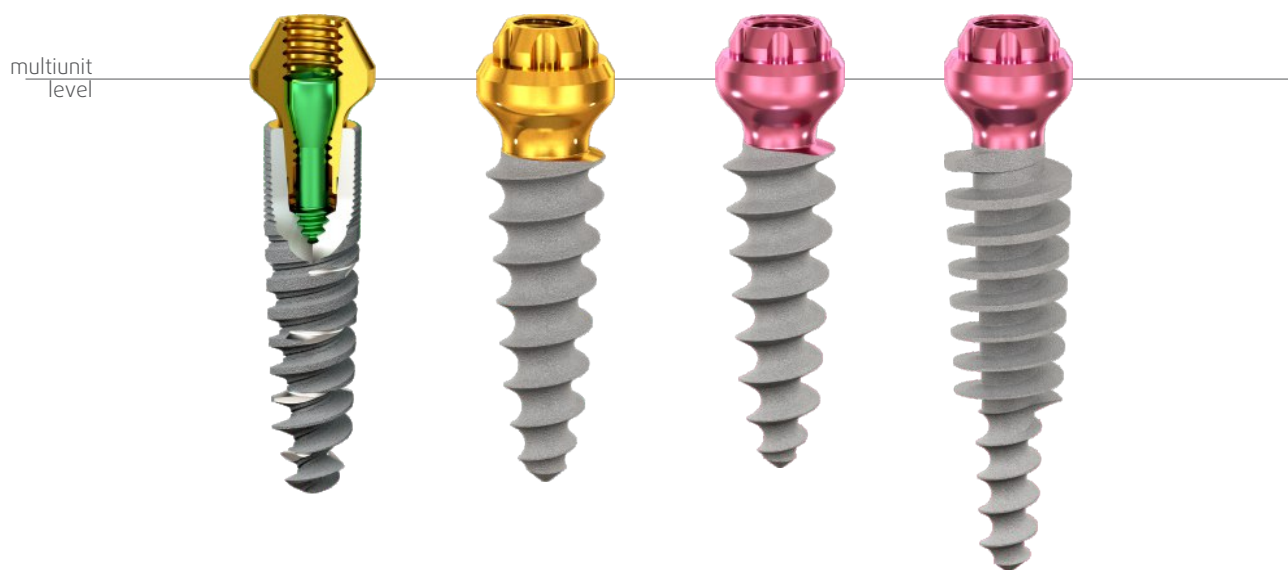


Small multiunit

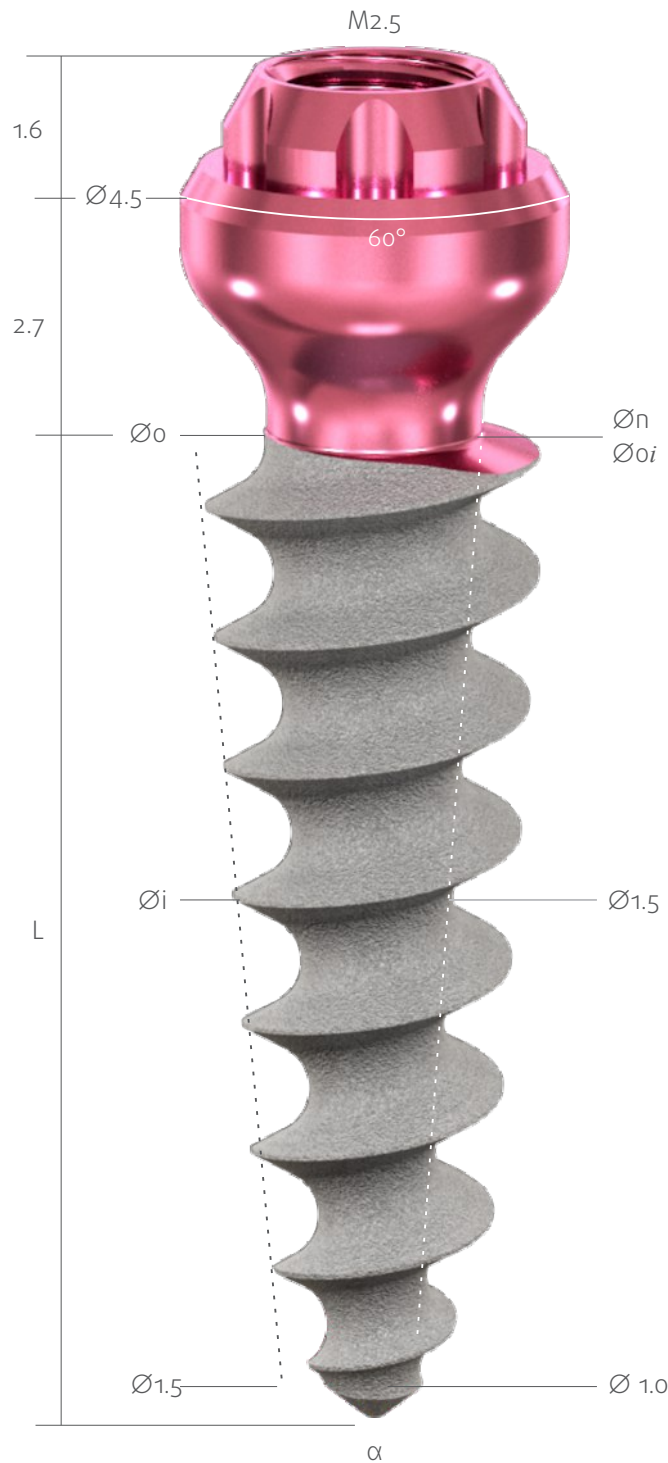




One platform Multi-unit



Compressive M implants



o - occlusal diameter (mm); i - intraosseous diameter (mm); a - apical diameter (mm); n - neck diameter;
 α - total internal angle (°); s - intraosseous square area (mm²); i = internal.

6 mm 8 mm 10 mm 12 mm 14 mm 16 mm 18 mm 20 mm

Ø 3.0

Øi 2.5
n 2.05

C3008m

s 62
a 8



C3010m

s 79
a 6



C3012m

s 95
a 5



C3014m

s 112
a 4



C3016m

s 128
a 4



C3018m

s 145
a 3



C3020m

s 161
a 3



Ø 3.5

Øi 2.8
n 2.05

C3506m

s 54
a 15



C3508m

s 72
a 11



C3510m

s 91
a 9



C3512m

s 109
a 7



C3514m

s 127
a 6



C3516m

s 146
a 6



C3518m

s 163
a 5



C3520m

s 182
a 5



Ø 4.0

Øi 3.3
n 2.55

C4006m

s 63
a 15



C4008m

s 86
a 11



C4010m

s 108
a 9



C4012m

s 130
a 7



C4014m

s 152
a 6



C4016m

s 174
a 6



Ø 5.0

Øi 4.3
n 2.55

C5006m

s 82
a 15



C5008m

s 111
a 11



C5010m

s 141
a 9



C5012m

s 170
a 7

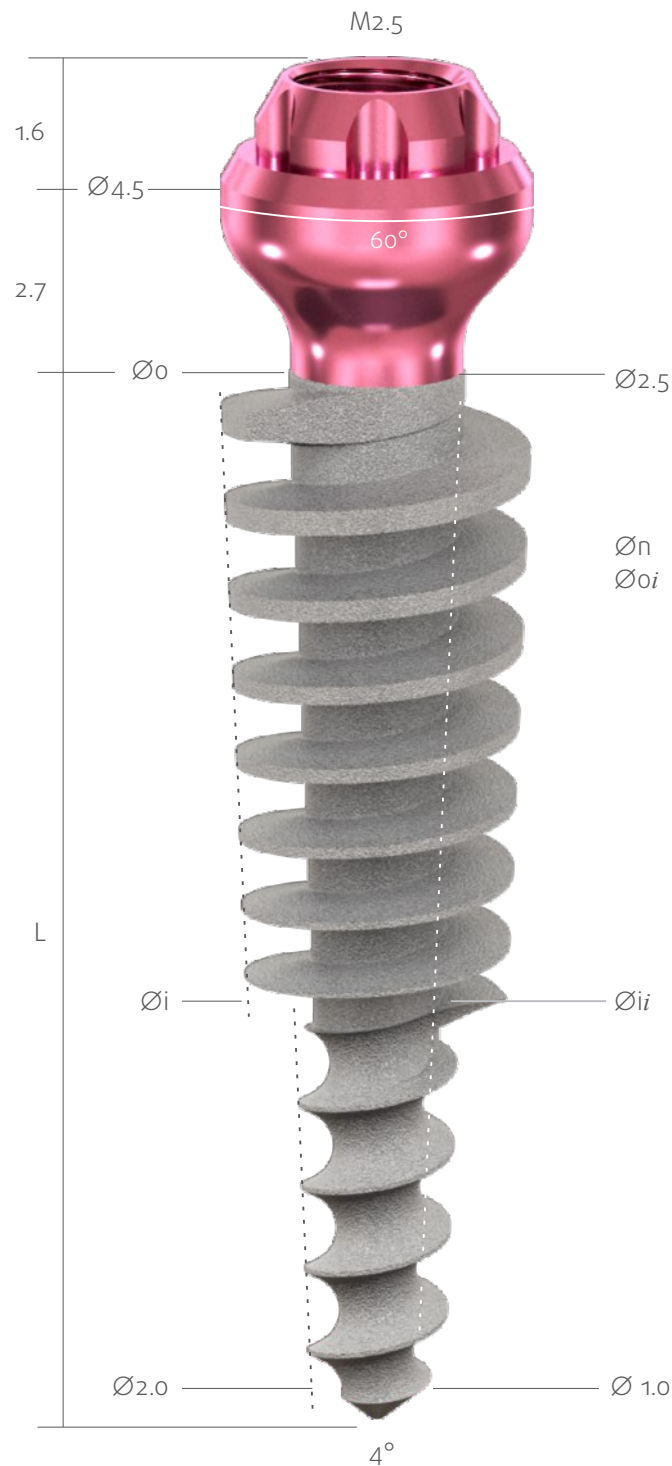


C5014m

s 200
a 6



Compressive MP implants



o - occlusal diameter (mm); i - intraosseous diameter (mm); a - apical diameter (mm); n - neck diameter;
 α - total internal angle (°); s - intraosseous square area (mm²); i = internal.

16 mm

18 mm

20 mm

22 mm

24 mm

26 mm

Ø 3.5

C3516mp

i 2.8
i $\bar{z}$ 1.7
s 175



C3518mp

i 2.7
i $\bar{z}$ 1.7
s 175



C3520mp

i 2.5
i $\bar{z}$ 1.5
s 198



C3522mp

i 2.6
i $\bar{z}$ 1.5
s 220



C3524mp

i 2.6
i $\bar{z}$ 1.5
s 248



C3526mp

i 2.6
i $\bar{z}$ 1.5
s 297



Ø 4.5

C4516mp

i 3.9
i $\bar{z}$ 1.8
s 256



C4518mp

i 3.7
i $\bar{z}$ 1.7
s 293



C4520mp

i 3.6
i $\bar{z}$ 1.5
s 332



C4522mp

i 3.4
i $\bar{z}$ 1.4
s 369



C4524mp

i 3.3
i $\bar{z}$ 1.2
s 402

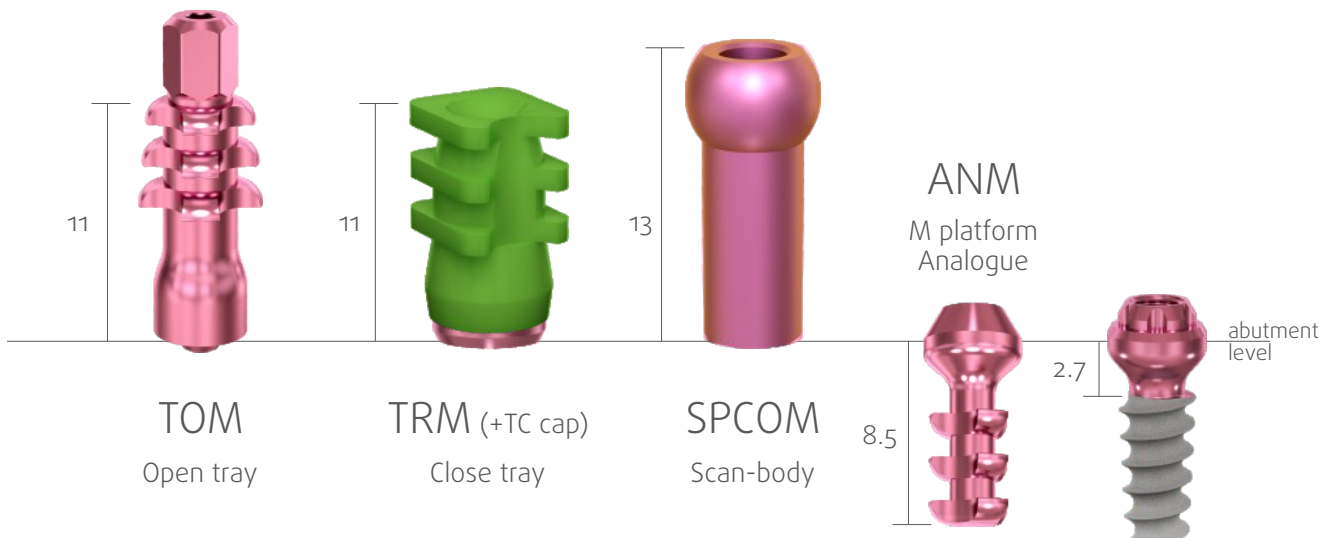


C4526mp

i 3.3
i $\bar{z}$ 1.3
s 443



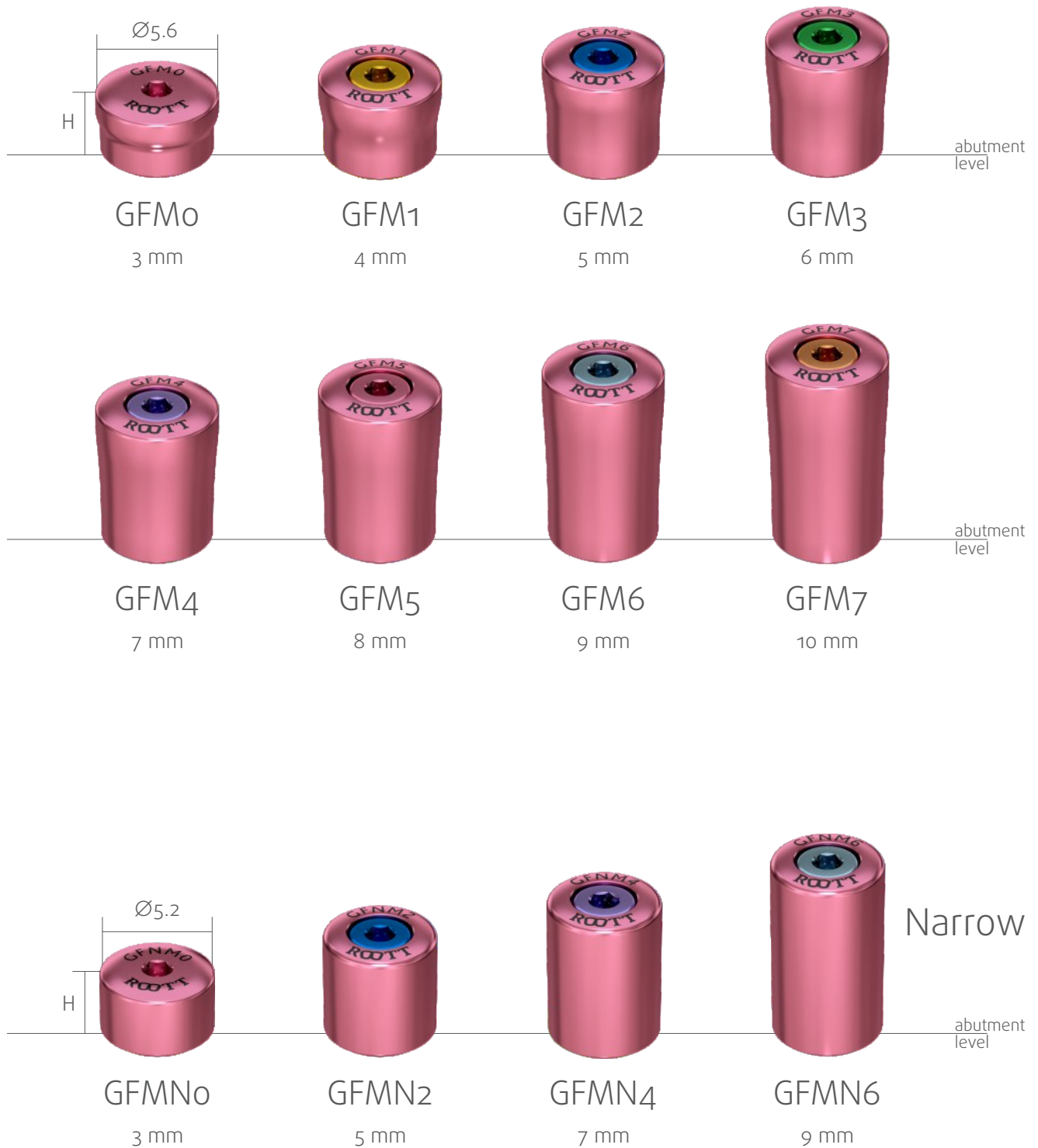
Transfers & analogue



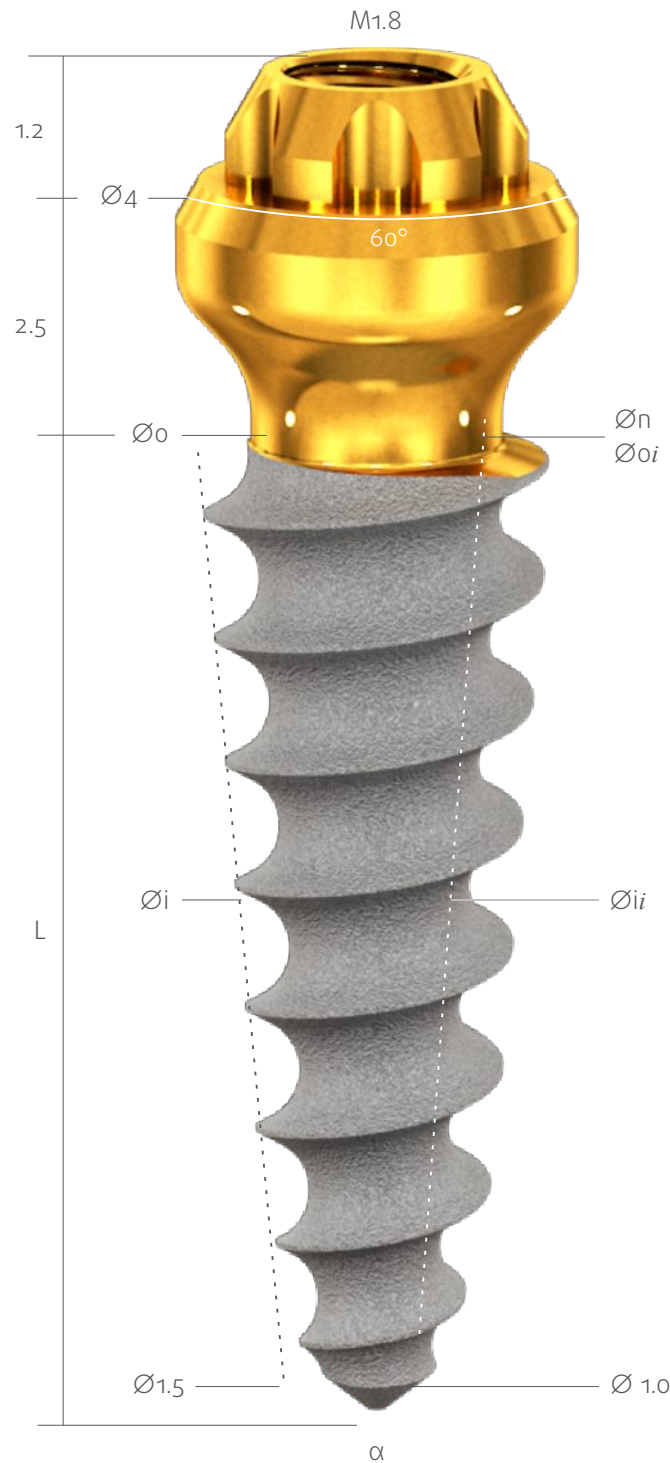
Platforms & abutments



Gingiva formers



Compressive MS implants



o - occlusal diameter (mm); i - intraosseous diameter (mm); a - apical diameter (mm); n - neck diameter;
 α - total internal angle (°); s - intraosseous square area (mm²); i = internal.

6 mm

8 mm

10 mm

12 mm

14 mm

16 mm

Ø 3.0

Øi 2.5
Øii 1.5
n 2.05

C3008ms

s 63
a 8



C3010ms

s 79
a 6



C3012ms

s 95
a 5



C3014ms

s 112
a 4



C3016ms

s 128
a 4



Ø 3.5

Øi 2.8
Øii 1.8
n 2.55

C3506ms

s 54
a 15



C3508ms

s 72
a 11



C3510ms

s 91
a 9



C3512ms

s 109
a 7



C3514ms

s 127
a 6

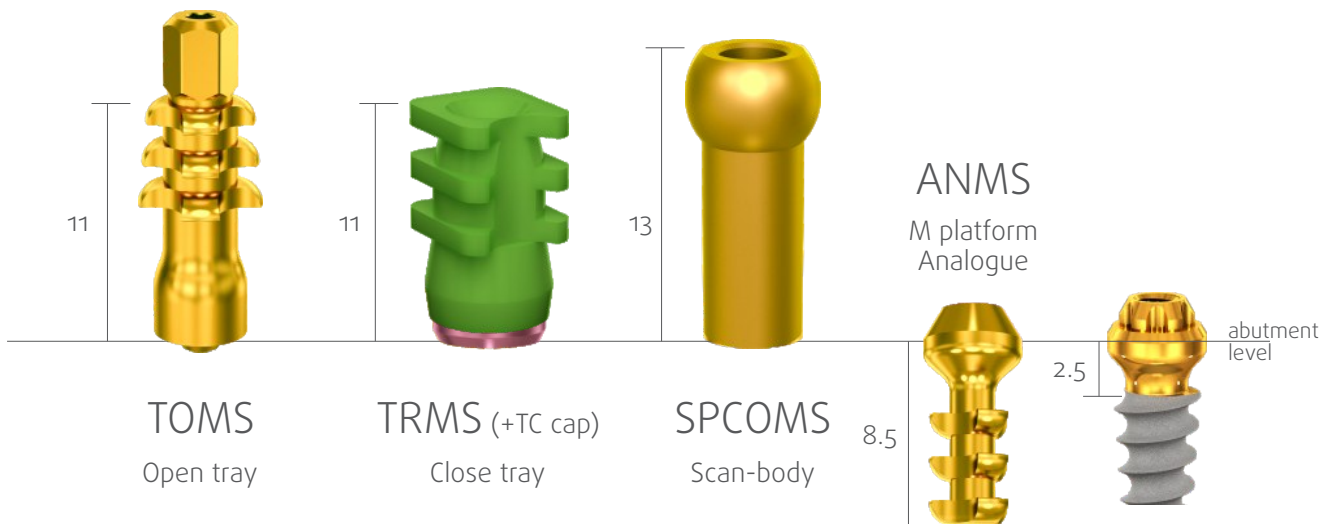


C3516ms

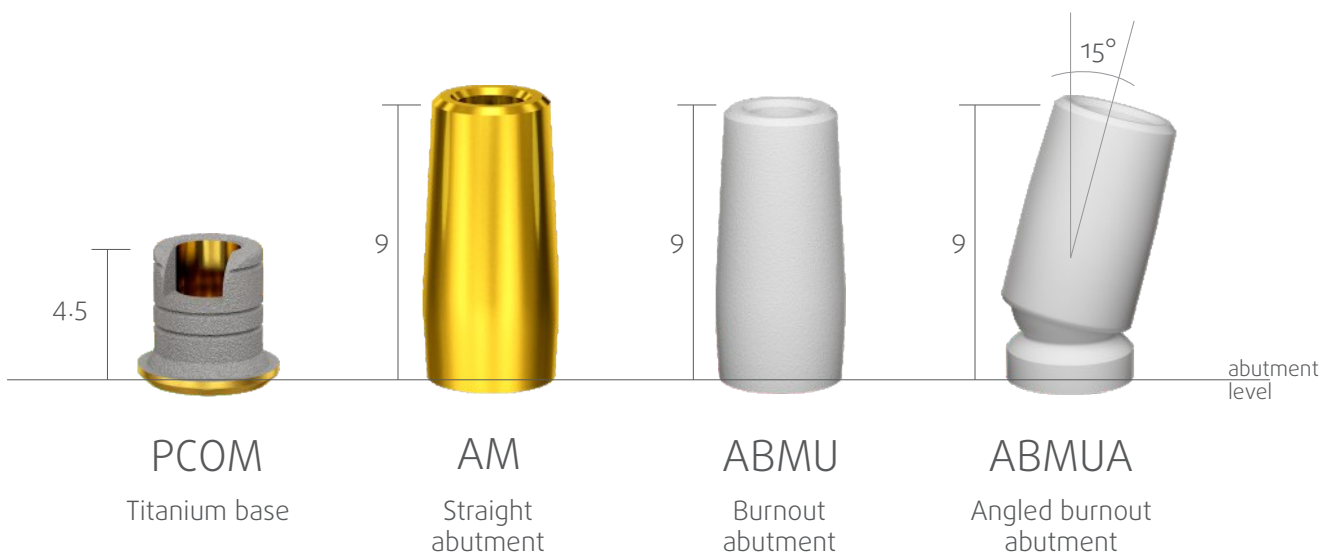
s 146
a 5



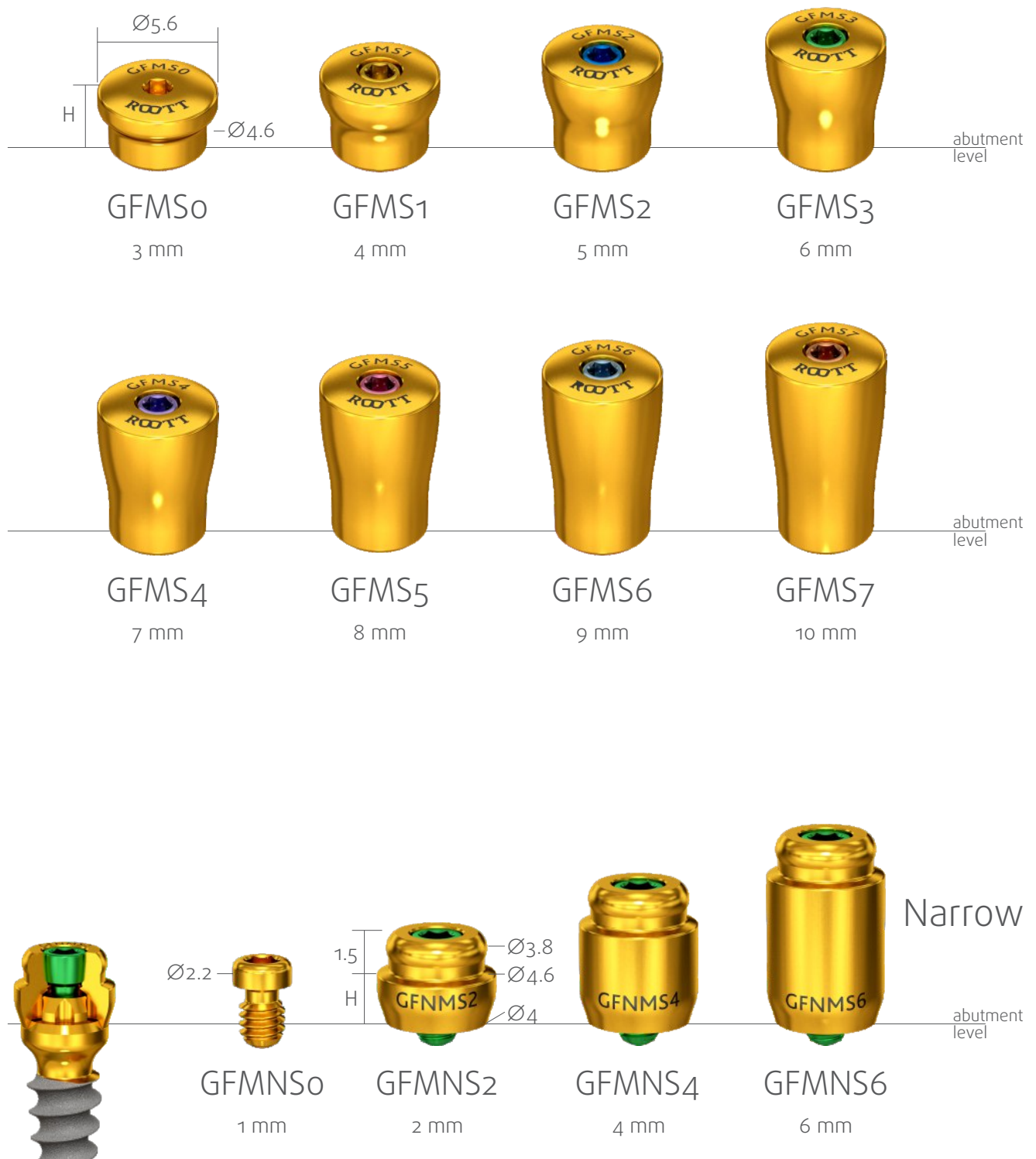
Transfers & analogue



Platforms & abutments



Gingiva formers





Instruments



Rootform drills

D55xx

6-16 mm



D48xx

6-16 mm



D42xx

6-16 mm



D38xx

6-16 mm



D35xx

6-16 mm



D30xx

10-16 mm



Compressive drills

DC55xx

6-14 mm



DC50xx

6-14 mm



DC45xx

6-20 mm



DC40xx

6-20 mm



DC35xx

6-20 mm



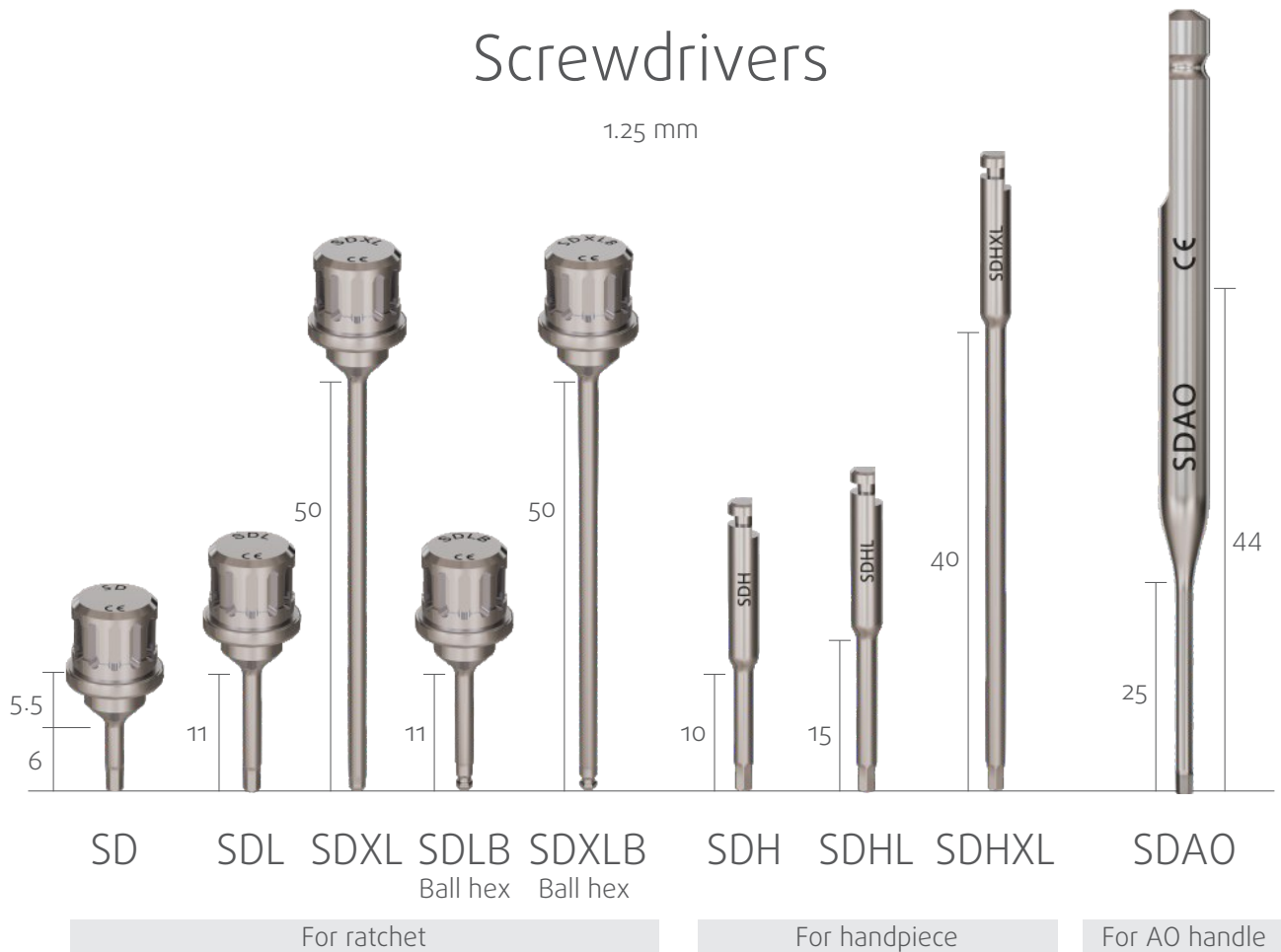
DC30xx

6-20 mm



Screwdrivers

1.25 mm



ETH



ETAO

Screw removal

Parallel pin

Extension tool



SR

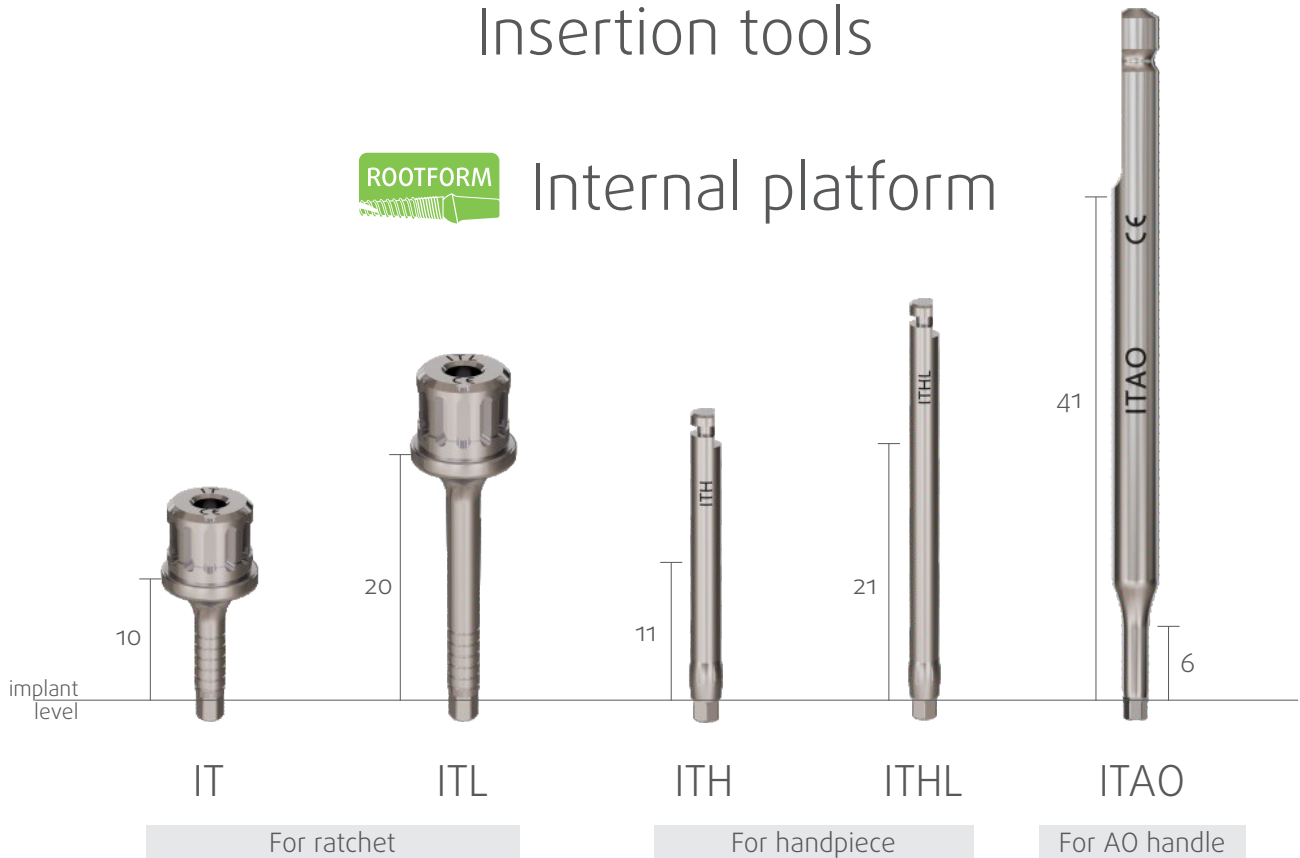
P2

ET

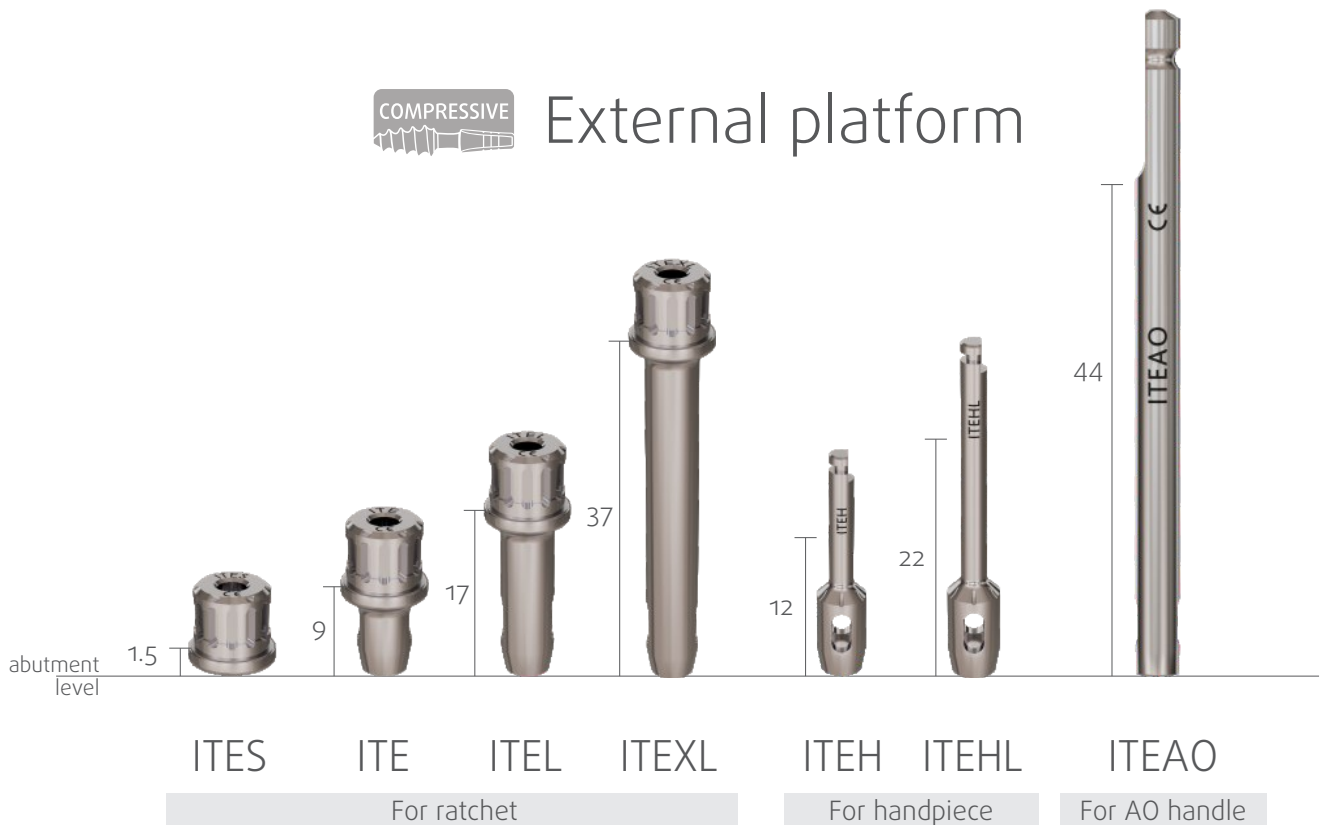
Insertion tools



Internal platform

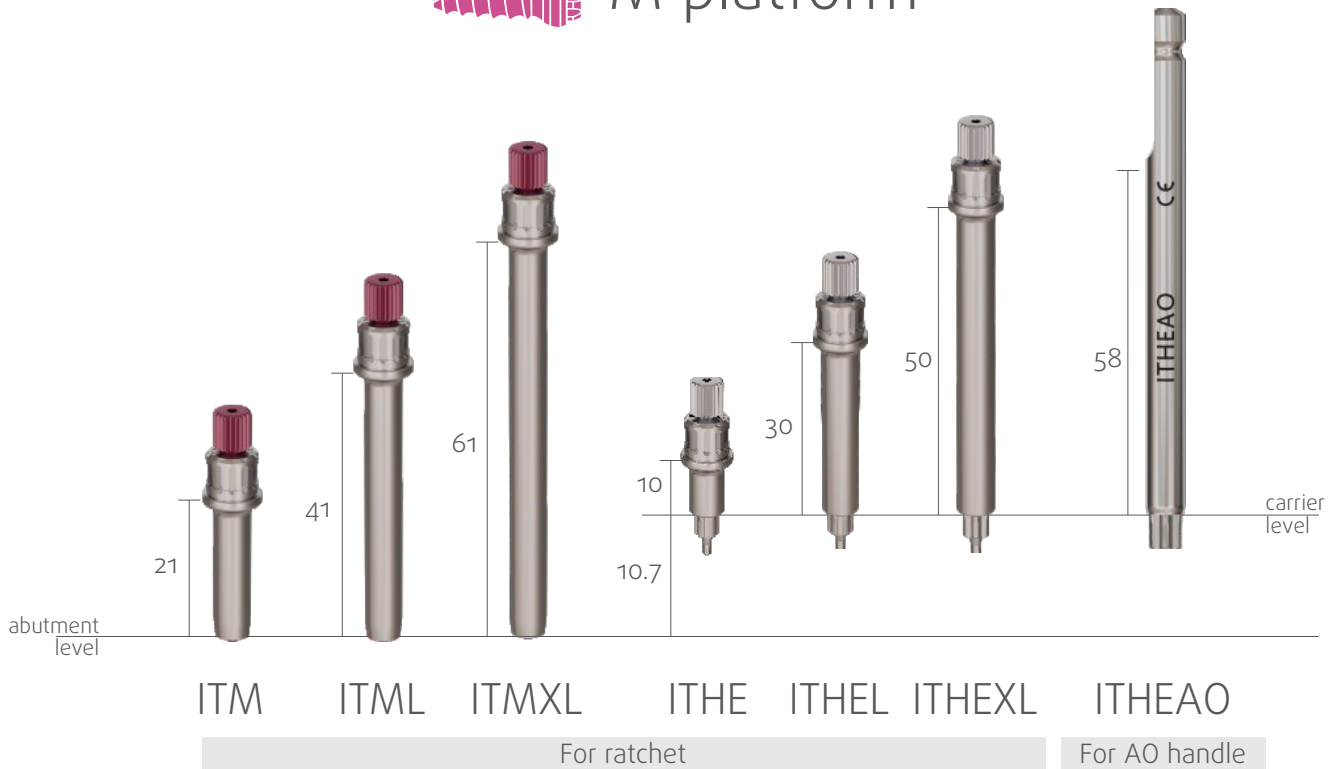


External platform

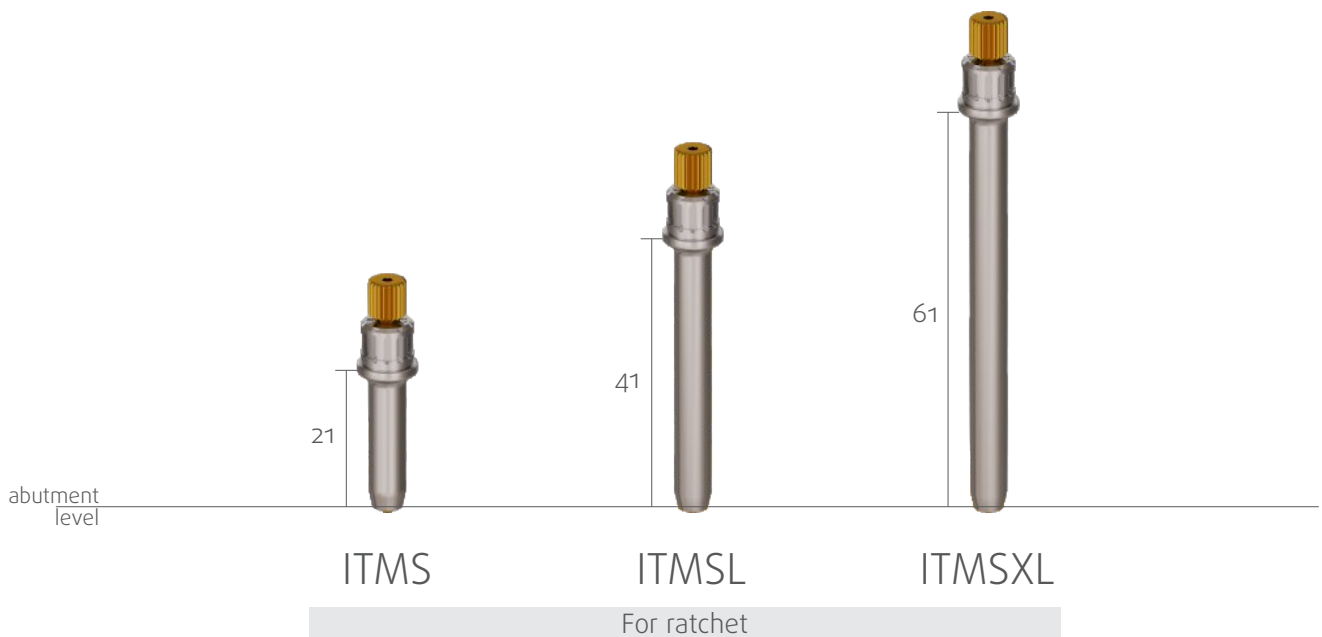




M platform



MS platform



Universal instrument set TRS-S



Pilot drills

DB2020



D2020

Universal drills

D3516 (DSTEP1)



D5508 (DSTEP2)

Form drills

DC3516



DC5508

Insertion tools

ITE



IT



Hex driver

SDL



Removal tool

SR



Torque wrench

TW50



ESBIPRO set



Set can be used as bone expander/condenser/splitter,
as evaluation tool before Compressive implants placement,
and (with optional instrument) as Compressive implants placement tool.

Compressive screws (TiGr23)



Pilot drills



DB2020



D2020

Torque wrench



TW50

Start kit

Customizable

22 implants of your choice

Free superstructures & instrument kit

1490 €



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